THE
Bombay Gazette.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

No. 55,775—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 8-30 p.m.	Steamers	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
19th Oct.	PERSIA	8000	----	--
26th "	* MALOJA	12500	MACEDONIA	10500
2nd Nov.	CHINA	8000	----	--
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
16th "	ARABIA	8000	----	--
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
30th "	MEDINA	12500	----	--
7th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MOLDAVIA	10000
14th "	EGYPT	8000	----	--
21st "	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10000
28th "	PERSIA	8000	----	--

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

Date of Sailing	Steamers	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
4th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
11th "	MACEDONIA	10500	----	--
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
25th "	ARABIA	8000	----	--
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
8th "	CHINA	8000	----	--
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
22nd Feb.	EGYPT	8000	----	--
1st March	MOREA	11000	----	--
8th "	PERSIA	8000	----	--
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
19th "	† ARCADIA	7000	----	--
22nd "	MANTUA	11000	----	--
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000	----	--
12th "	MOLDAVIA	10000	----	--
19th "	MALOJA	12500	----	--
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	----	--
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th "	PERSIA	8000	----	--

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

* This vessel proceeds to London via Malta, and Passengers for Marseilles transfer at Port Said to the S. S. MACEDONIA.

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER. ONE CLASS ONLY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C SYMES,
Superintendent.
Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA : GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON : GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay on
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd Oct. 1912.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	8th Nov. "
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	21st " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	15th " "
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N R.	31st " "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	18th Jan. 1913.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	2nd Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay on
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	23rd Feb. 1913
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th March "
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	23rd " "
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R	10th April "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	22nd " "
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	5th May "
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	18th " "

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES,

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 826	1,309
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via
Kasara	1195	Thurs.	17th Oct.	9 a. m.	† C. M.
Linga	2185	Friday	18th Oct.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	21st Oct.	11 a.m.	* P.D. and C.M.

† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara" 1195 tons, on Thursday, 17th Oct. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Barala" 3200 tons, on Wednesday, 16th October, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons on Thursday 31st October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR MALABAR PORTS, COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Mazagon," 4997 tons, on or about 19th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY,
16th October, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Oceanien	4143	Mages	21st Nov. 1912.
Polynesien	6363	Lassince	19th Dec. 1912.
Ville-de-a-Ciotat	6378		16th Jan. 1913.
Sydney	4120		13th Feb. 1913.
Yarra	4142	Tivolle	13th March 1913.

PASSAGE FARES.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single)	Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return)	Rs. 891	743	405
To London (single)	Rs. 660	528	270
Do. (Return)	Rs. 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Italian Line at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct ;
FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia	6,000	D. Maganzini.	15th Nov. 1912.
Sardegna	6,000	A. Muzio	15th Dec. 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Capri	6,000	A. de Amezaga	16th Oct. 1912.
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1912.
Capri	6,000	A. de Amezaga	16th Dec. 1912.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75 ; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations; for further particular apply to

G. FERRERO,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ CANAL AND PORTSAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umvoti	3500	18th October 1912.

FARES :—
First Class Rs. 350 to Rs. 380.
Second Class Rs. 275.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umtata	3500	26th October, 1912.

FARES :—
First Class Rs. 350 to Rs. 400.
Second Class Rs. 275.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

HOTELS.

POLACEK'S CARLTON HOTEL.

LATE MATCHIN'S HOTEL,
Outram Road, BOMBAY.

THIS is the Residental Family Hotel of Bombay per excellence. For Europeans only. It is constructed and fitted up on the most modern principles. Electric light and fans in every room, and it has besides the best sanitary arrangements with Hot and Cold baths laid on.

The cuisine in charge of an experienced chef is unsurpassed in Bombay. Suites of rooms or single rooms can be engaged by the day or month and the terms will compare favourably with other Hotels in Bombay.

For terms please apply to the
MANAGING PROPRIETOR.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

OAKES' MADRAS CHEROOTS

Are recognised as the standards of excellence. They are hand-made, and guaranteed free from opium. Highest awards whenever exhibited. The following are a few popular Brands :—

			Per 100 RS.	A.
Orientals,	5″—Boxed	100	3	8
United Service,	6″ "	50	7	0
Vishnus (Longs)	5″ "	100	3	14
Vishnus (Shorts)	3½″ "	100	2	12

Obtainable at all Stores and Tobacconists throughout India and Burma, or direct from the Company at the Prices quoted above, delivered free by Post.

Write for New Illustrated Edition of Cigar Price List.

OAKES & CO., Ltd.,
Post Box 24, MADRAS.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35 Marine Lines, Bombay.

OLD-FASHIONED JEWELLERY.

NOT possessing any character in common to help class them with the beautiful objects held in high esteem in Medieval times, and not being quite so ancient, also, to take rank with the fashion which existed with primitive man, when ornaments were made up of pierced teeth of animals, vertebrae of fish, pendants of carved bone, shells, beans and such like which delighted children, women and men centuries ago, replicas in gold of race cups, boats, bicycles and the little jewelled bits of bats and balls, croquet mallets, Badminton bats, sticks, whips, horse shoes, lover's knots &c., &c., in personal jewellery, may to-day be classed as belonging to by-gone times or as "past events." Up-to-date manufacturing jewellers have quite appreciated the fact that such pieces of jewellery have long since ceased to hold the field of English cultured taste, but the more backward still cling to them, for being productions of cast work, they are produced at infinitely lower prices than is possible with expensive handwork; and so these coarsely finished moulded bits of gold occasionally come to the surface and are made to clamour for place as "Novelties." They naturally find advertising spaces and are pompously treated in large type to compare in price with the handwork and cult of the jewellers art, as FASHIONABLE JEWELLERY AT POPULAR PRICES.

We are told sometimes that these goods are specially offered at 20 per cent. or more lower than they can be obtained elsewhere (to be correct they will probably not be found elsewhere, except perhaps the bazaar) and the reason for selling at so large a discount, is not because obsolete fashion is being offered but because selling on strictly cash basis the sellers are good enough to reduce profit to a limit. Such balderdash is enough to give St. Eligius, the patron saint of jewellers, a cold shiver. It is like offering music or songs, which were popular half a century ago and were protected by copyright law when originally published at 4 shillings a copy, as "Fashionable and Popular Songs" of to-day at 12 songs a penny.

In Jewellery to-day there is much fine handwork done, evidencing a truer taste in jewels. The growth of technical Schools in England has largely supplied the most valuable effects. Art in jewellery manufactured to-day is infinitely better understood by all advanced manufacturers, the present day ornaments being really beautiful and of exquisite workmanship; such work is not confined to works of importance and value, but artistic treatment and perfect craftsmanship are applied to even the smallest work which is undertaken.

An inspection of MARCKS & Co.'s. unparallelled and up-to-date Stock of Jewellery will reveal to you what the refined modern demand is, and your inspection will more than impress you with an appreciation of the present day jeweller's skill and labour. The striking feature of their stock is, that each items or piece; is not a copy of a thousand or a million similar designs, but just one or two Particular Special, Exceptional articles, proving and providing absolute exclusiveness.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.

HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms, WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.

FRESH ITALIAN LIMES, now in Stock.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit : Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS :—

Snowflake	**150°**	**in cases.**	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	**150°**	" "	
Chester	**125°**	" "	
Devoe's	**125°**	" "	
Monkey	**125°**	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts;

THE DEADLY TROPICAL CLIMATE

To take a chance with one's health in the tropics is utter folly. The climate is against one. The country is against one. The only one thing to do at the first sign of Fever, Ague, or Influenza, is to take the certain cure that has stood the test of time.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS.
Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS
For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc. Re. 1-8ans. each

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER
is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans 4, each

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT
Cures ring-worm, Dhobies-itch Etc. in a day. Ans 4, each.

Of all dealers, or of
DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI, LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

A DRINK OF DELIGHT

Peter Walker Lager is a new departure—a new standard—in beer, better than anything yet brewed. It is specially brewed for hot climates at Burton-on-Trent, England, and will retain its brightness and sparkle far longer than other beers.

PETER WALKER LAGER

is absolutely pure, wholesome and delicious; while invigorating and sustaining, it leaves no after-feeling of heaviness.

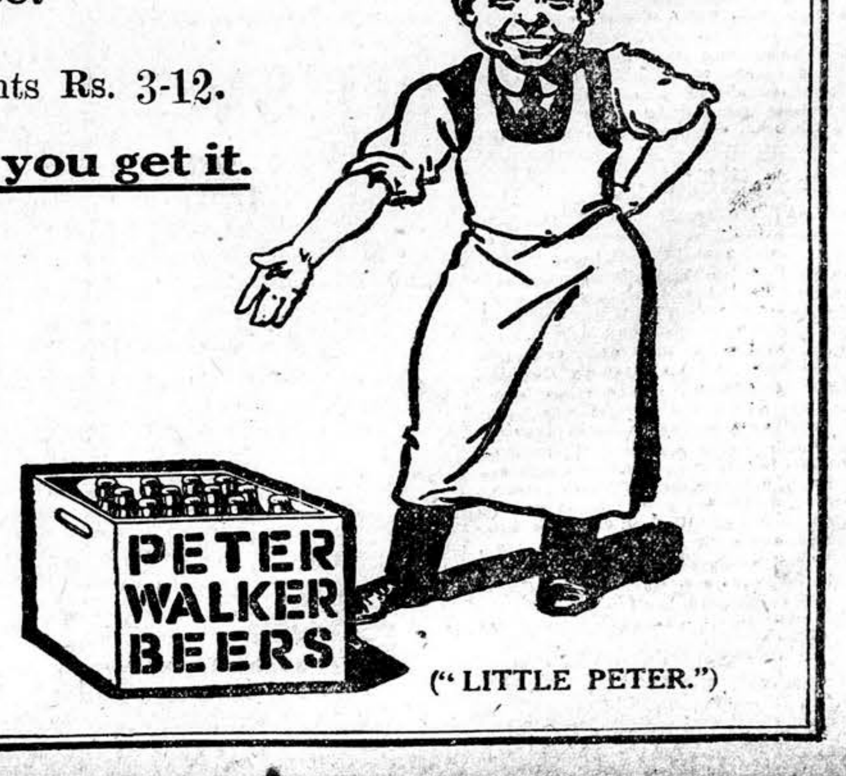
PRICES : Per dozen quarts Rs. 5-12, per dozen Pints Rs. 3-12.

ASK for the "BOY" BRAND and see you get it.

Sole Agents for Bombay & North West India:

TREACHER & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

Buy the "Boy" Brand every time.



("LITTLE PETER.")

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that TWO SHARE CERTIFICATES bearing Nos. 220 and 2.3 of the NEW PRINCE OF WALES PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED, and standing in the name of the deceased GOCULDAS CANJI, have been MISLEAD and LOST. Those dealing or intending to deal with the said share Certificates are warned against doing so. Persons who have found the said Certificates are hereby requested to forward the same to the Undersigned, at 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

EDGELOW, GULABCHAND, WADIA AND CO.
Attorneys for Messrs. Ludha Dossa and another, the proving Executors of the late Goculdas Canji.
Bombay, 15th October, 1912.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.

DELHI AGENTS: KING, KING & CO.

MESSRS. PHIPSON & Co. beg to announce they have APPOINTED as their DELHI AGENTS MESSRS. KING, KING & Co., who will hold a stock of their Wines, etc., from the 10th October, 1912.

Address:
Messrs. KING, KING & Co.,
(Agents for Messrs. Phipson & Co.),
1, Kashmir Gate, Delhi.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.,

DEALERS IN STATIONERY,
SURVEYING
ENGINEERING
AND
DRAWING
INSTRUMENTS, Etc.
ARTISTS'
MATERIALS Etc.,
No 9-13 KANTA BUILDING,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A ROYAL ROAD TO PERFECT HEALTH

is to secure the divine shelter of the world-renowned and universally successful.

Atank Nigrah Pills.

The—Mistress of the Tonics manufactured from the purest vegetable drugs without any intoxicants. Remember "Delay is dangerous."

PRICE. Re. 1.
FOR A TIN OF 32 PILLS.

Vaidya Shastri
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy.
KALBADEVI, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

THE SALE of Jhansi Factory advertised for sale THIS DAY, the 16th October, 1912, by order of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Assignee, has been POSTPONED to WEDNESDAY, the 23rd October, 1912, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 16th October, 1912.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey Arab, horse, aged, quiet in harness.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

A Rare Opportunity for Lovers of Art.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUALE OIL PAINTINGS, WATER COLOURS ENGRAVINGS. &c.

On THURSDAY, the 24th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Medows Street, Fort, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co. and next to Messrs. Dunnett and & Co. the very valuable historical and classical oil paintings, water colours, engravings, etchings, photogravure, chromos, facsimile, reproduction, etc. etc by eminent artists in rich frames.

The above pictures are very strongly recommended to lovers of arts and also to persons who have to furnish their palaces and bungalows artistically.

The above will be on view four days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Old Paradise Lodge, Powai Road, Malabar Hill," very valuable and handsome, French and English made artistic household furniture, such as large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side-board and dumb-waiters, large durrie carpets, wall clock, glass door, cupboard, drawing-room sofas and chairs by Roberts, one French writing Bureau and a small secret combination safe fitting the Bureau, one handsome sweet tone ebonized semi-grand piano by Pleyel Wolff & Co. Paris, large tapestry curtains, hall lamp, writing tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing, chests-of-drawers, clothes and gown presses, dressing and wash-hand tables, chival glass, one large English ice box, glass and crockeryware, China matting, copper utensils, one 15 H-P 4 cylinder, Limousine Body Panhard Levassor, etc. etc. The property of J. N. Metaxa, Esq., Manager, Ralli Bros.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view from the 19th instant.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 16th October, 1912.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT.

COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
UPTO SATURDAY 19TH OCTOBER, 1912.
PATHE'S ANIMATED GAZETTE:

(a) Mr. LLOYD GEORGE AT HOME.
(b) CAVALRY IN ACTION.
(c) MARCH OF THE "HIELAND MEN."
(d) LENGAGNEUX, on a Monoplane, breaks the altitude Record.
(e) FOGGIN who fell 60 feet in his monoplane at Eastbourne, but was unhurt, was saved by his helmet.
(f) "GAMMA" Airship.

THE MANOEUVRES of the FRENCH FLEET:
Records taken by day as well as by night.
LOVE UNCONQUERABLE.
MAX LINDER in a long lingering laugh.
THREE SHOWS EACH NIGHT.
7 to 8 : 8-30 to 9-30 : 10 to 11 P.M.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED.—A BOY AS TELEPHONE OPERATOR must be able to understand and speak English, State Salary required. Apply Box No. 399, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—A FOREMAN BINDER only Practical men need apply. Those who know a little English preferred. Apply with full particulars to box No. 102, care of this Paper.

PRINTER'S TRAVELLER FOR BOMBAY.

FIRST CLASS TRAVELLER with connection preferred, good opening and prospects for the right man. Only those at present on the ground will be entertained. State Salary expected.

Apply by letter stating Terms and particulars MANAGER "Gazette" Office.

TO BE LET.

TO LET ON THE COOPERAGE.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bed-room with verandah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bath Room, shower and W. C. Use of Dining Room, etc. Overlooking Sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box 106, care of "Bombay Gazette".

WELL FURNISHED Bed-room with private bath room and W. C. Use of other appartments, large verandah overlooking sea and gardens, Electric Light and Fan. European married couple only entertained. Apply Box 107, care of "Bombay Gazette."

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM TO BE LET 4 windows, overlooking gardens, and sea, to European married couple, or two friends, at Mrs. PAGE, 10 Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road, Lift and Electric Light.

TO LET.—Best part of Bombay, large well furnished Bed-room with private bath, shower and W. C., Electric Light and Fan, to the European married couple. Good view of sea and gardens. Terms moderate. Address Box 108, care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A No. 2 "RONEO" COPIER, in good and sound condition. Offered at a low Price, offer wanted.

Apply box No. 398, care of this Paper.

PRINTING AND OTHER MACHINERY FOR SALE.

Must be cleared to make room for new plant coming from England.

PRINTING MACHINES.

1 Quad Crown by Harrild and Sons, Improved "Main" News Machine, with 2 moulds.
1 Quad Demy by Harrild & Sons, "Main" News Machine.
1 Quad Royal by Furnival, Flyer incomplete.
1 Quad Demy Whafedale by W. Dawson & Sons.
1 Demy Folio with 2 moulds.
1 F'cap Folio, Treadle, double plateu, "Bremner" with 2 moulds.

HAND PRESSES.

1 Double Demy Columbian Press by Harrild and Sons.
3 Super Royal by Hopkinson and Cope.
2 Super Royal Albion Press by Harrild and Sons.
1 Royal Albion Press by Harrild and Sons.
2 Demy by Hopkinson and Cope.
2 Foolscap Albion Presses by Harrild and Sons.
1 Foolscap Folio by Hopkinson and Cope.

IRON STANDING PRESS.

1 Imperial 2½ inches screw.

CUTTING MACHINE.

1 Diagonal, 20 inches, with 1 extra knife hand power.

PAGING MACHINES.

1 Treadle, 6 figures by Harrild and Sons with 2 extra wheels.
1 Treadle, 5 figures by Harrild and Sons with 2 extra wheels.

RULING MACHINES.

1 Wooden frame size 40 inches.
1 Iron frame size 36 inches.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1 Perforating Machine, 30 inches.
1 Backing Machine.
1 Rolling Machine.
2 Type Casting Machines.
1 Copper Plate Press incomplete.
1 Litho Press incomplete.

Apply, MANAGER,
"Bombay Gazette" Office,
Green Street, Fort.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

※ THERAPION ※
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA. 150° TEST NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

IMPORTED BY
THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA) LD.,
GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°

TWO GENERATIONS OF ROYAL SPORTSMEN.

EDWARD VII and GEORGE V FATHER and SON

SHOOTING PHEASANTS at SANDRINGHAM.

This is a unique film, and presents an opportunity which can rarely be had. No one should miss seeing it.

IF YOU HAVE NOT SEEN

"THE RED ROSE OF THE APACHE"

Come TO-DAY, and we shall show you one of the most excellent Tragic Picture-Dramas ever produced. It is this week's Cinema-sensation, make a point of coming regularly to the

AMERICA-INDIA THEATRE,

THREE SHOWS NIGHTLY. HALF PRICES.
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THE FIRM FOR

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WEDDING CAKE ORNAMENTS.
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WEDDING RECEPTIONS.
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ENERGICAL SYRUP
THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anamia, Cholorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

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V. C. DASTUR & CO.
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE

whether he is satisfied with his

VULCAN MOTOR CAR

and he will answer: Yes. It is the sweetest running car I have ever had the pleasure of driving and costs so little to maintain.

TRIAL RUNS ON LATEST MODELS.

By arrangements with the
SOLE AGENTS.
THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.
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SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO
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Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

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Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

"SALVARSAN" or "606" the great world renowned cure can be had at a very moderate charge by a painless and safe method. Apply No. 396 care of this Paper.

TENTS.—WANTED.—Second-hand "SWISS-COTTAGE," TENT complete, length 12 to 16ft. State Maker, age, condition, etc. Box 397, care of "Bombay Gazette."

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SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes — 8¼ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 8 per 1,000 6 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, 2, Green Street, Fort.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is, therefore, able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding, Stationery, etc.

BANKS.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 20,00,000.
THE HON'BLE SIR PHIROZSHA M. MEHTA, K.C.I.E., CHAIRMAN.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—3 per cent. per annum allowed from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSIT:—12 months deposits are received at 4½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods on application.

Loans granted on approved Securities.

Purchase and Sale of Securities effected at ⅛ per cent. commission.

AUDITORS:—Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants.

HEAD OFFICE:
Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALLA, C.A.I.B. (London),
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LTD.
(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

CAPITAL AUTHORISED ... ... Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUED ... ... Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ... ... Rs. 8,62,618
RESERVE FUND (In Govt. Papers)... Rs. 8,50,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt., Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3¾ % p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of out-stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to
SRI RAM B. A.,
Bombay, 89, Apollo Street. Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital..........$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors..........$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund..........$ 17,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund..........£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy
Bangkok
Batavia
Bombay
Calcutta
Canton
Colombo
Foochow
Hamburg
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Ipoh
Johore
Kobe
Kuala Lumpur
London
Lyons
Malacca
Manila
Nagasaki
New York
Peking
Penang
Rangoon
Saigon
San Francisco
Shanghai
Shanghai Hongkew
Singapore
Sourabaya
Taipeh
Tientsin
Tsingtau
Yokohama
Yloilo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.
Capital Paid up.......... Gold $ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund.......... " " 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits.......... " " 423,677,78

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Singapore.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.
Cebu.
Shanghai.
Hankow.
Peking.
Yokohama.
Kobe.
San Francisco.
Mexico.
Panama.
Colon.
Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..........£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..........£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS..........£ 335,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA, LUMPUR. KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan) PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

JAS. MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..........£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..........£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore,
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore,
Tuticorin,
Cochin,
Chittagong,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy,
Newara-Eliya,
Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombassa,
Nairobi,
Nakuru,
Kisumu,
Jinja,
Kampala,
Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Offices and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)..........Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)..........Rs. 23,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application,

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE.
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES AT:—
Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......£1,000,000
PAID UP..........£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS......£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI Esq. (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
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J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

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Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS
ESTABLISHED 1758.
Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP..........£400,000
RESERVE..........£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16 Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... " 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... " 17,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Bombay
Calcutta
Changchun
Dairen (Dalny)
Hankow
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kobe
Liaoyang
London
Lyons
Fengtien (Mukden)
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Peking
Ryojun (Port Arthur)
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.
HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.
CAPITAL Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)
CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS..........£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

L. GAMBE,
Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.
CAPITAL PAID UP ......Rs. 10,00,000.
RESERVED FUND ......Rs. 12,500.

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES and AGENCIES:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi, Lucknow Mandvi (Bombay), Rajkot, Sukkur, Surat and Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent. per annum and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months, 5 per cent and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches. Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

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THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld."

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B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—
Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS.
Fuel & Cylinder Oils.
WAX.
CANDLES.

B.
O.
C.

PETROL.
MOTOR OILS
A & B.
Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.
Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,
CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET

LONDON, OCT. 14.] [BOMBAY, OCT. 15

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
1-3 per cent. Consols ...	73		1-8
do. Rentes ...	89	1	
31-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	90 1-2		1-4
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	63 7-8		1-8
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	29 7-16	3-16	
do. 2 months' hence...	29 1-2	3-16	
Bar Silver in New York ...	63 3-4	1	
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·21		04
do. do. at Berlin...	20 48	unchgd	
do. do. New York...	4·85 7-8	3-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4	since	
do. Short London Bills	29th Aug		
3 months' sight...	4 13-16	5-16	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	4 3-4	1-4	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5 1-8	3-8	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5 1-8	1-8	
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 7-8	unchgd	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-4	unchgd	

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier good business done
Futures	... Steady.
Manchester	Quiet but firm.
Total Sales	... 10,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	1,500 „
Imports	... 6,000 „
Mid-Americans	... 6·12—11
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	9 11-16 —1-8

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·86	5·81	5·81	5·82	5·84
—13	—12	—12	—12	—12
Mar.-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May-June	June-July.	
5·85	5·87	5·88	5·88	
—12	—12	—12	—12	

New York market closed on Saturday.
New York 11 a.m., Dec. 10·45 Mar. 10·65
New York official Noon call Dec. 10·52 Mar. 10·71
New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 10·65 Mar. 10·85.

NEW YORK— Bales.

Two Day's		
Receipts at U. S. Ports	...	153,000
Receipts at „ last year	...	144,000
Exports to Great Britain	...	77,000
Exports to Continent	...	49,000
Spot Cotton	...	10·90—10

Futures—Month of Dec. 10·54—06
Futures—Month of Mar. 10·72—08
{ Advanced early on spinners reported to be bidding more freely and declined later owing to bearish week end statistics.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 10 13 16—1-16
Futures month of Dec.	... 10·75+02
Futures month of Mar.	... 10·94+02
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... ...
Do. Name of Ports— ......
Wheat White Karachi ... ... 41+1 1-4
Do. Months ... ... Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done.
Wheat Red Karachi ... ... 40 3-8+3-4
Do Months—Oct.-Nov.—London—Buyers.
Tone—Strong.
Wheat afloat for U. K. ... 2,270,000

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... ... 39 3-4+3-4
Do Months Jan.-Feb.—Done

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-61lbs, ... } No Sellers
Do. Month— ...
Barletta Russo 62 1-2 lbs ...

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ... .
Brown Cawnpore ... Nominal.
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Tone—Firmer

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 60 1-4—1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers
Tone—Quiet
Linseed Calcutta 59
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov. Sellers.
Tone—Dull.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 53 1—1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-19-0 unchgd
Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Sellers—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality).... ... ... 15+1-8

RUBBER—
Para Rubber... ... ... 4 7 1-2
Oct.-Nov.—Sellers—Firm

METALS—

Copper Braziers G M C	... £	86 1-2—1 1-2d
Yellow Metal	... d	7 3-8—1-8
Standard Copper G M B	... £	79 5-8

FREIGHTS—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canals...15s 6d—Nominal

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 12 6 3-4—3-4
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Easier.—Quiet—Slow demand.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ... 12 3 unchgd
Do Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Mar.—Sellers
Tone—Steady—Less doing
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 6 1-4
Months of Shipments ... Oct—Sellers
9 10 1-4—May—Sellers
Tone—Few buyers. Opened dull. Closed easier.
E A E & Similar Crystal C & F India ... ... 13 7 1-2—3-4
Months of Shipments ... Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone.—Irregular but closing quieter
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 4 1-2 unchgd
Month of Shipments ... Oct.—Value.
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar—Steady but little or nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [15TH OCT. 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
— Boxes Sovs & half Sovs	Rs. 7,50,000	Melbourne	Hongkong Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 12th & 13th Oct. 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway...........	22	26,876
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	38	45,051

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened firm at 1s. 4 1-16d. T.T., 1s. 4 3-32d. on Demand and 1s. 4 11-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. There has been some enquiry for Bank remittance, but Private Bills are still very scarce. Far Eastern rates are steadier owing to the advance in silver.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 3-8d. 9th Nov.
Do. do France	...171 1-2
Do. do Marks	...139 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...151 1-4
Shanghai „	...211 3-4
Japan „	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened unsettled and has fluctuated during the day between 95 1-2 and 95 3-8 for the Settlement, with 1-8 higher for Cash. A fair amount of business has been done and closing prices are as under.

We quote:—

Cash	...	Rs. 95 8 0
Settlement	...	„ 95 6 0

BULLION:—

A further rise of 3-16 for ready and forward bar silver is advised in the London market, the rates now being 29 7-16 and 29 1-2 respectively. New York, after the holiday, closed 1 cent. up at 63 3-4 The local market opened at 74 1-8 for ready and 74 1-4 for the first Settlement, and has declined 3-16 during the day, closing as under. A moderate business is reported. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold ...	... Rs.	23	14	9
Australian „ ...	... „	23	14	9
Sovereigns „ ...	... „	15	0	0
Silver (ex duty)				
Ready	... „	73	15	0
1st Settlement ...	... „	74	1	0
2nd Settlement ...	... „	74	5	0
Silver (cum duty)				
Ready	... „	83	5	0
1st Settlement ...	... „	83	7	0
2nd Settlement ...	... „	83	11	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Early yesterday the New York market was 14 and 15 points lower, but closed only 6 and 8 lower. New Orleans opened 7 and 8 lower, and closed 2 points up. Liverpool closed 12 down all round. The Stock Exchange and the Continental Bourses have been considerably affected by political uneasiness and this has reacted on the Cotton market. A private telegram states that the market is not likely to improve until the political out-look becomes more reassuring. The local market opened irregular, good Broach being quoted Rs. 287 but soon advancing to Rs. 288. There has been some enquiry by exporters for fine Khamgaon-Akola and fine M. G. Bengals, January delivery. Up-country dealers have shown more desire to sell, and during the afternoon prices gave way, and a fair business was done at Colaba. Good Broach closes at Rs. 285. Ready cotton is quiet with little enquiry.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach ...	... Rs.	293	March
Good M. G. Broach ...	... Rs.	285 1-2	„
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hingunghat	„	284	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	... „	281	„
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon	„	275	„
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	„	272	„
Fine M. G. Khandeish	... „	262	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	... „	252	„
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	... „	252	„
Fine M. G. Bengal	... „	253	Dec.
„ „ „	... „	256	Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengals	... „	238	Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone	...	...Quiet. Steady.
Estimated Sales	...	... 8,000 bales
Total Imports	...	... 41,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·88	5·83	5·83
+02	+02	+02
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr
5·84	5·86	5·87
+02	+02	+02
Apr.-May.	May-June.	June-July.
5·89	5·90	5·90
+02	+02	+02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—
The market is easier.
We quote:—

Ready	... Rs.	9 14 0 B.T.
December ...	... „	10 9 6 R.T.
Apl-May 1913	... „	10 6 0 R.T.

RAPESEED:—Quiet.
We quote:—

Brown Delhi Apl-May 1913	...Rs.	8 5 0 R.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready	... „	7 15 0 B.T.
Yellow „ „	... „	8 14 0 „

GINGELLYSEED.—
Tone—Steady.

Bold White 85 p.c.	... Rs.	55 0 0
Black Kutni ...	... „	47 0 0

POPPYSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... .. Rs. 12 8 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 39 0 0

COTTONSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 26 0 0
Forward ... ... „ 25 0 0 D. J.

GROUNDNUTS:—
Tone—Quiet.
We quote:—
Jan.-Feb. Bold ... Rs. 45 0 0

MOWRASEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 8 1 0 B. T.

WHEAT:—
The market is steady.
We quote:—
White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 6 0 R. T.
„ „ May 1913 ... „ 5 8 0 „

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,760
Bank of India	66 1-2
Bank of Baroda	67 1-2
Eastern Bank	92
Indian Specie	75

MILLS.

David	561 1-4
Kohinoor	890
Manockji Petit	3,287 1-2
New Great Eastern	300 „
Standard	1,540 „
Swan Mill	315 „

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	145

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Burmah Trading Cor ...	556 1-4
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	173
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	185
Bombay S. N. Ord	292 1-2
Macks & Co	103
Tata Iron and Steel Co Preference	185
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	22 1-4

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	577 1-2

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	567	bales.
Wheat	19,975	cwts.
Linseed	2,499	„
Rapeseed	455	„
Gingellyseed	2,347	„
Poppyseed	nil	
Groundnuts...	2	„
Castorseed	10,687	„
Rice	46,909	„
Myrabollams..	250	„
Cottonseed	1,097	„
Mowraseed	705	„
Gram	6,494	„
Joowar	1,898	„
Maize	664	„
Barley	1,865	„

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 12.

In the share market to-day jute shares were less in request, but fair in volume. Fair business was reported in coal shares, and there were strong buyers for Equitable, Raneegunge and Bengal Nagpur, the prices of all of which advanced. The latter shares have not been quoted since Sept. 30th, when they were done at 46-8. To-day business is reported at 50-4; Ranegunge sold at 23'12, four annas advance on yesterday's prices, while Equitable, which last week hovered about from 35'4 on Oct. 7, to 35 on Friday last were done to-day at 36 and 37.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

The following is the statement of the Bank's assets on 14th October, 1912 as compared with the figures of 14th September, 1912. This shows an increase of about 24 lakhs of rupees in the working capital during the month:—

	14th Sept. Rs.	14th Oct. Rs.
Local Bills Discounted ...	3,61,000	2,96,000
Cash Credits	12,80,000	14,96,000
Loans & Demand Advances..	49,15,000	56,40,000
Office Furniture & Fittings..	18,000	21,000
Sundries	32,000	27,000
Cash and Investments ...	10,76,000	26,00,000
	76,82,000	100,80,000

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Scinda s—27 bales hides N Kassum; 140 cwts old metal, and 13 cwts old rubber, P A Kulkarni; 986 cwts oil cakes, F F Campbell and Co; 45 bales wool, A Ghostary.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—2 bales rugs, E. G. Futeh; 27 cwts mica, W H Brady and Co; 18 cwts fish maws, R Bhimji and Co, 12 cwts mother of pearl shells, R Mohomed and Co; 80 bales hides and skins, E D Sassoon and Co; 88 bales bales hides and skins R M Kooka; 3 cases drapery Cox Shipping Agency; 9 cases bristles, J A Begbie and Co; 21 cwts fishmaws, A Hoosein and Co; 65 bales hides, W and A Graham and Co; 10 bales hides, M Joomabhoy and Co; 34 bales hides and skins, H A Oomer and Sons; 22 cwts fishmaws, J M Rahimtulla.

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—8 bales druggist and 3 bales carpets. Thos Cook and Sons.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Umvoti s—2200 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Scindia s—54 casks skins, C J Mathews and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Merton Hall s—1,200 cwts linseed Ralli Bros, 990 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri.
Scindia s—1,000 cwts teelseed Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Gramsbergen s—1,000 cwts poppyseed, K Devchand and Co; 1,176 cwts tin plate clipping, Asiatic Petroleum and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Weissenfels s—1,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 150 cwts cashewnuts, R Jeewandas and Co; 400 tone manganese ore, The Central F M Co Ltd.

FOR GENOA.

Silverash s—50 bales cotton, The Cotton Trading Co of India; 1001 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR BOULOGNE.

Umhloti s—2,900 tons manganeseore, R A Willis.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Sanuki Maru s—100 bales twist, The M B Kaisha.
Assaye s—40 bales twist, J David.

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaye s—19 cwts fishmaws, E Moledina.
Capri s—10 cases foreign selarus, K Husraj and Co.

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "Semiramis," Oct. 16.

List of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice via intermediate ports, per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "Semiramis" to-day, from the Victoria Dock No. 7. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at the Victoria Dock Shed No. 7 at 10-45 a. m. Deck passengers and native servants must be present at the Port Health Disinfecting Station, Frere Road, near Prince's Dock, with all their luggage and kit, at 9-30 a.m:—

Rabar, Mr M M
Cartaret, Revd J H and Mrs 2 children and infant.
Cobb, Mr. F D R
Coombes, Mr F
Courtice, Rev G R A
Dill, Mr and Mrs E and Governess
Dill, Miss
Dill, Master
Gatacre, Capt J K
Gopaul, Mr J
Halls, Dr L
Hind, Mr E
Hill, Mr. P
Ismail Ali, Mr M
Karamatullah, Mr
Lethbridge, Major W
Monk Mason, Col S E
Mackenzie, Mr A E
MacLenning, Mrs.
Mahmud Ahmed, Mr M B
Modi, Dr LC
Motiwalla, Mr C B
Napier, Capt AM
Parachis, Mr C
Padar, Mr P C
Razzak, Mr S A
Sahni, Mr B R
Sahni, Mr R L
Shanker Lall, Mr and Mrs
Thakore, Mr M C
Vicajee, Mr S F R

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HULBERT—October 2, at Clyde Bank, Ranikhet the wife of Captain C. E. Hulbert, 3rd Skinner's Horse, of a son.

KINGSLEY—October 7, at 4, Riverside, Barrackpore, the wife of Gerald Kingsley, of a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly. Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11.

Maxim: "Wealth is good when employed with sense."—Spanish Proverb.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVALS.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Maloja," with the outward mails of the 4th instant, left Aden at 5 p.m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay, at 5 a.m., on Friday next.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Persia" leaves Bombay harbour on Saturday next at 2-39 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur) ...	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	8-30	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class).	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-25

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	17-0
Weekly Boat Express every Friday (from 18th October to 27th December 1912)		12-0

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music commencing at 6 p.m., to-day:—

March	Bararda	Starke
Over.ure	Zampa	Herold
{ a Op 264A	Standchen	Czibulka
{ b Song	Alice, where art thou?	Ascher
Selection	Il Bravo	Mercadante
Valse	Amitie	Waldteufel
Selection	The Arcadians	Monckton
Two Step	Hobomoko	E Reeves

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanitary Association, two magic lantern lectures, on Malaria were delivered at the Northbrook Gardens and Parelker's Chawls (Grant Road) on Saturday and Sunday last.

THEFT OF JEWELLERY.—The police on Tuesday were informed by one Pherozeshah Nasserwanji, a clerk in the Bank of Bombay, residing in Gunbow Street, that he had been robbed of jewellery and ornaments worth Rs. 715. The ornaments had been placed in a cupboard in a room. On Monday between 10 a. m. and 1-30 p. m. the cupboard was forced open by somebody and the jewellery stolen.

FATAL FALL.—Yesterday morning the Coroner Mr. G. F. Chalk and a jury held an inquest touching the death of one Ramdas Dayal, a Hindu commission agent, aged about twenty-two. The deceased Hindu, it appears had been in ill-health and had had fever off and on for a long time. On Monday he was seen going to the bathroom on the fourth flat of the chawl he was living in about 10 a.m. A little while after a noise was heard by his uncle Kuverji Dosa and it was found that the deceased was lying on the ground just under the window of the bathroom in a helpless condition. His skull was fractured as the result of the fall. This had occurred during a fit, and life was soon extinct. The jury returned a verdict of death from injuries received by an accidental fall from the fourth flat of a chawl.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE CONCERT.—A grand variety concert was given on Monday night, at the Seamen's Institute, Prince's Dock, by the Pursers' Department P.O. R.M.S. "Persia." A splendid programme was most successfully got through. Mr. Batt was the star of the evening and was encored for each of his songs. "John James O'Hara" and welcoming him in, the encores being answered with "The Spaniard who blighted my life," "Out went the gas and for months and months and months." Mr. Tassel was very good with his two songs. "My wife's gone to the country" and "Sea, Sea, Sea." Messrs. Bidwell, Hanstead, Attwood, Stevenson, Phillips and others rendered their songs in good style. Mr. Chas. H. Shenton (who always arranges the s. s. "Persia's" concerts) officiated as chairman. At the close of the concert, Mr. E. A. Storrs-Fox, Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the Institute, after a few remarks, called for three cheers for those who had so successfully entertained a crowded hall which was readily responded to. Amongst the audience was the popular Capt. H. S. Bradshaw of the "Persia" and his officers.

MOTOR ACCIDENTS.

On Monday night a Hindu named Hari Shanker Behrulal, aged about sixty, was knocked down and severely injured by motor-car No. 2199. The motor car was being driven along Queen's Road towards the Fort, when the man got in front of it. The chaffeur Shehriar Boman Irani, sounded his horn, but the old Hindu hesitated and apparently stood still. When however the car was getting close to him the old man became nervous and dashed across the road in front of the car, and was knocked down by the rear mudguard. One of the wheels of the car also passed over his right leg above the ankle fracturing it. The injured Hindu was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he is lying in a critical condition. The accident was witnessed by Mr J. D. Davar and Mr. Ardeshir Pallonji Shroff, who were in the car. They say that the car was moving slowly and that no blame lay on the chauffeur who did his best to avoid the accident. Inspector Sutton, who tried the brakes of the car, found them alright.

The same night motor car No. 760 knocked down and ran over another Hindu, aged about seventy, in Frere Road. In this case the man was not very dangerously injured. The car, it is said, was proceeding at a moderate speed, when the man got in front of the car. The motor horn was sounded, but the man instead of going towards the footpath, because confused, and being partially blind and deaf he fell under the car. His injuries were attended to at the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital and he was allowed to go home.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

Excessive Rate of Infant Mortality.

In his third quarterly report for 1912, the Health Officer, Bombay, states:—

The conditions of public health during the quarter were not favourable. Without the epidemic incidence of any disease throughout the period excepting cholera, which, however, shrank to the sporadic stage in the week ending 24th August, the general mortality, though lower by 1,808 than in the preceding quarter, was higher than in the corresponding quarter of any previous year since 1902 except 1906. The causes of this enhanced mortality are to be found in the increases registered under intestinal respiratory and nervous diseases, as well as under fevers, phthisis and old age and debility.

If the increases be scrutinized according to age-periods, it will be found that out of the total deaths of 9,634 in the quarter, 4,046 or nearly 42 per cent. occurred among infants and children 1 to 5 years old, 2,689 or nearly 28 per cent. of these being among infants.

In the following statement has been given the mortality from principal causes among infants and children 1 to 5 years of age during the third quarter of 1907-1912.

From a survey of the figures it will be seen that the percentage of infant deaths to the total mortality has not varied much from that in 1909 and 1911, though considerably lower than in 1908 and 1910, but the percentage of mortality in the age group of 1 to 5 years was higher in 1912 (14·08) than in any corresponding quarter of the preceding quinquennium the rise is specially marked under fevers diarrhœal and respiratory diseases.

In many previous reports, I have commented upon the high infant mortality in the city and have pointed out remedies which are undertaken in other cities and which should be adopted here; and I quoted them in my report on infant mortality published in 1909—making concrete proposals as follows: (i) the provision of lying-in hospitals for the poor and free medical attendance, and provision of a nurse before and after child-birth; so that the mother may get food, nursing and skilled attendance and thus be enabled to provide breast milk to support the child; (ii) the education of Native midwives at the Hospital and the registration and licensing of these women; (iii) the introduction of a section of the Act so as to prevent an uncertificated and unlicensed woman from attending on a confinement; (iv) the provision of Municipal Milk Depots where women could obtain pure milk at a small cost.

The realisation of these suggestions is, however far distant, and unless the question is taken up seriously it is hopeless to expect any improvement.

The efforts of the Health Department in trying to educate the poorer classes in the upbringing of their children have not relaxed; on the contrary they are continued with increased vigour. More frequent visits to chawls are paid by the Municipal nurses and more homely talks are given. The number of patients treated in the Municipal Dispensaries is large and visits of the Health Visitors of the Sanitary Association continue with unabated vigour.

The Health Department can only do a limited amount of work in this direction, having many other duties to perform and in the next year's Budget I have asked for Rs. 1,000 towards providing a room in a chawl and certain comforts for the poorer class of women during confinement. It is not only instruction in feeding the children and medical relief that the women require but skilled nursing and hospital accommodation and assistance during their illness and financial relief to assist them in feeding their children while the mothers are at work.

The question is well worth the consideration of the Corporation; it is of enormous importance to the community and I would suggest the advisability of a committee being appointed to consider the best means to be adopted to improve the condition of the women during labour and their infants during infant life.

In the review by the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation of the administration report of the Municipal Commissioner for the year 1911-12 it is stated:—

GENERAL.

The general financial position of the Corporation continues to be satisfactory. With taxation at the same rates as in the previous year, the year's accounts show a substantial rise in the total revenue of the Municipality. The net result of the transactions for the year shows a surplus of Rs. 11,71,227. The substantial balance in favour of the assets, which shows an increase of Rs. 24,70,410 in the preceding year, coupled with the large reserve in the taxing capacity of the Municipality affords a sufficient guarantee of its financial stability and prosperity.

The rates of taxation continued to be the same as in the preceding year.

An increase in income must show a corresponding increase in the incidence of taxation which rose from Rs. 10-11-0 in the previous year to Rs. 10-13-2 in the year of report. Excluding Rs. 5,00,000 specially voted for writing off a portion of the unadjusted plague expenditure of Rs. 9,10,052 advanced from Loan Funds, the total expenditure for the year reached the the unprecedented figure of Rs. 1,14,84,562, showing an increase of Rs. 2,02,690 over the outlay of the previous year. Against this increase in expenditure the permanent expansion in income is placed at Rs. 3,30,000 indicating that we have reached a sounder position than that of a few years back. Several costly schemes for improvement in drainage and water supply of the city and for improved communications in the North of the Island will have to be shortly financed. These will necessitate the raising of loans for which heavy interest and sinking fund charges will have to be provided in the normal expenditure in future. The necessity therefore, for scrutinising all proposals for further increases and the schedules of establishments with a view to see what retrenchments could be effected cannot be too strongly emphasized.

It will be observed that the results of the year's transactions in respect of lapsed grants are disappointing, and show the growing tendency of officers to overestimate their requirements. There is a steady increase since 1909-10 and the Committee trust the Commissioner will urge upon all Heads of Departments the necessity of framing their estimates strictly in accordance with their requirements and of working up to the amount of such estimates.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

The second bi-weekly programme will commence this evening, and will continue to occupy the screen up to Saturday next inclusive, when the second half of the Animated Gazette will be exhibited. This includes "Mr. Lloyd George At Home" on the occasion of his presenting an Institute to his native village. The manœuvres of the French Fleet recorded by day as well as by night is a film that should prove of unusual interest. Drama is represented by a story of the Royal North-West Mounted Police, entitled "More than his duty," in course of which a heroic sacrifice is made, even though the hero is conscious that his antagonist is not worthy of any consideration, and that the sacrifice would place him at a great disadvantage by the disgrace that would reverberate on him, and cause him to lose the object of his affections. But his nobility is discovered and appreciated, and the objective is obtained. The comic items are really commedies in themselves: "Love Unconquerable" is a long film, overflowing with Maxlinderism, and is regarded as his best effort and effect: while in "Spooks," Wiffles appears at his best, making-up in the dual role of two brothers, in which his changes of mannerism are excellent. Scope is afforded by the one impersonation representing an elderly corpulent gentleman, given to avarice and other views, and the other a thin and lank scapegrace brother, and this film will, no doubt, convulse the audience with laughter.

BRISK canvassing has begun for the three new seats representing District Boards thrown open to election under revised Council Regulations for the Punjab. There is a large number of Hindu and Mahomedan candidates, of whom Lala Lajpat Rai is one.

IN connection with the long discussed proposal to instal telephone connection between Calcutta and the coalfields, the Indian Mining Association are now negotiating with the Bengal Telephone Co.

THE CRIMINAL TRIBES.

Pardi Problem in Hyderabad Territory.

The Inspector-General of the district police, (the Nizam's Territory) at the instance of the district court of Usmanabad, brought to notice that the Pardis were a wandering tribe having no permanent place of abode, carrying on no trade and following no occupation and having no means of livelihood. They formerly alleged that fowling was their occupation, but since the passing of the Game Laws, that occupation has also been closed to them. It has been fully established that Pardis have committed innumerable offences and have been frequently convicted for theft, burglary, robbery and dakaiti. Large numbers of them have been punished or imprisoned more than once. Hence it is very necessary that the sanction of Government should be obtained to Pardis being included among the criminal tribes.

His Excellency the departmental minister, to whom the case was submitted, observed—"This is a question of liberties and privileges which requires due consideration and careful deliberation. The opinions of the Revenue officers, i. e., the subedars and taluqdars should first be called for and then this case should again be submitted for final orders."

The opinions of the Revenue officers were accordingly invited. Some of the taluqdars were for and others against the proposal. The subedars of Aurangabad and Gulshanabad considered that Pardis should be included in the criminal tribes, while the subedars of Warangal and Gulbargah were against the proposal.

The Revenue Secretary's own opinion was that—"There is no doubt that the Pardis are a criminal tribe; but it should first be ascertained whether they have been included among the criminal tribes in the Central Provinces. If they have been included there, the same procedure should be adopted here."

The Inspector-General of the District Police, who was addressed on this point, stated that the Criminal Tribes Act was not in force in the Central Provinces, but that Major Gunthorpe's book on Criminal Tribes showed that the Pardis were most dangerous dakaits who overran and infested the whole of Berar before the Province was assigned to the Government of India. They have been regarded as notorious offenders in Berar and the Central Provinces for the last thirty-three years.

The Inspector-General was informed that as the Pardis have not hitherto been included among the criminal tribes, satisfactory proofs regarding their being a criminal tribe should be furnished and a statement showing the number and nature of the cases brought against them, and in which they were convicted, for the past 5 years submitted.

The figures furnished by the Inspector-General of Police afforded abundant proof that Pardis were very largely concerned in dakaities, thefts, cattle-lifting and poaching, and that it was very desirable that they should be included among the criminal tribes.

The departmental Minister on receiving this information, directed that the matter should be laid before the Cabinet Council for decision. His Excellency the President, agreeing with the members of the Cabinet, ordered that, as proposed by the Inspector-General of Police, Pardis should, for the present, be included among the criminal tribes for three years.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL
THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR,
COMMANDING.
Bombay, 16th Oct., 1912.

252. Regtl. Committee.—There will be a Meeting of the Regimental Committee on Saturday, 19th Oct., at 7-15 p. m., at Headquarters.

Business:—To arrange programme of events for 8th, 9th and 10th November.

247. Parades.—Thursday, 9-30 p. m.

No. 2 Company 15 pdr Gun Drill in the Town Hall Compound.

Dress:—Khaki Uniform with Forage Caps.

Thursday, at 7-0 p. m. E E Company.

Parade at Apollo Bunder, and proceed to Oyoster Rock for Defence Light Manning.

Saturday, Nos. 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Apollo Bunder at 5 p. m. sharp, and proceed to Middle Ground for 1 inch Aiming Rifle practice.

Dress:—Khaki and Forage Caps.

248. Musketry—Sunday, 20th, at 7 a. m. Spoon Competition and practice at Colaba. Distances 300 and 500 yards.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL
R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.
Bombay, 16th Oct., 1912.

605 Parades—"A" Company will parade at Custom House on Mondays and Thursdays at 5-30 p.m.

Dress—Mufti.

II "C" Company will parade on Wednesdays at 8 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

III. "D" Company will parade on Mondays, at 7 a.m., and Thursdays at 6 p. m. behind the Telegraph Quarters.

Dress—Mufti.

IV "E" Company will parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9 p m., on Thursday, 17th instant.

Dress—Drill order Mufti.

V "G" Company will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana to-day, Wednesday, the 16th instant at 7-30 a.m.

Dress.—Mufti.

606. Inspection.—The Inspector of Volunteers in India, will inspect the Corps on Wednesday, the 30th instant.

607.—Viceroy's Competition.—It is notified for information that the Viceroy's Competition, 1st Stage, will take place at Ghat Kopar, on Sunday, the 27th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

608. Arms.—Arms will be issued to members at Head-Quarters from 9 a. m. to 4 p.m. daily (except Sundays).

Members are requested to draw them as early as possible.

609. Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No. 5967 Corpl A. S. Daly "D" Coy. from 27th September, 1912, to 27th April, 1913, inclusive.

610. Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "F" Coy:—

No 7390 Vol. R. Pereira.

(Sd.) E. G. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

I. Rifle Club matches Nos. 11 and 12 will be fired at Ghat Kopar, on 21st instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

II. A meeting of the Rifle Club members will be held at Head-quarters on Tuesday, the 22nd instant, at 6 p.m. Subject—Programme 2nd Series, Accounts, &c.

III. Regimental Boxing Tournament will be held on the Oval, on Saturday, the 2nd November, commencing at 9-30 p.m. sharp. Further particulars will be notified later.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Bombay, 16th Oct., 1912.

1. Riding School daily for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts from 7-15 a. m.

2. Monday next, the 21st instant, is a holiday, and it is proposed to hold a Comanding Officer's Parade to rehearse the programme laid down for the Inspector of Volunteers, who is inspecting the Corps on Tuesday, the 29th instant. All members are kindly requested to attend this parade. Rendezvous at the Corps Riding School 7-30 a.m., punctually.

Dress.—Drill Order, Carbines, Swords and Bandoliers to be worn.

3 Members are kindly requested to draw their arms from Head-Quarters, Council Road, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.

(Sd.) P. R. CADELL, Lt.-Col.,
B. V. R.,
for O-Commanding Bombay L. Horse.

THE Indian Paper Makers' Association are complaining of railways' delays in the transport of raw materials. Deliveries of grass from Sahebgunge last year was over three lakhs of maunds while this year only one and a half lakhs have been delivered.

HAVE YOU THELMA? This is the question we hear many times a day from admirers of good perfume. THELMA has more admirers than the most popular young lady. At MADON, SONS & Co. The Original MADON'S, Crawford Market, Bombay.

LIMBS COVERED WITH ERUPTION

Could Not Rest Night or Day. Itching and Burning Sores. Scratched until Blood Came. Gave Cuticura Soap and Ointment a Trial, and Is Now Quite Cured.

"My legs and arms were covered with large sores and I could not rest night or day for irritation. My trouble began with white spots and spread to a rash with itching and burning sores. It would spread up my arms and legs and was unbearable, and then it would leave me the same as if I had been burned. I could not endure anything on my arms. I suffered for over a year. The irritation was so bad that I scratched until blood came. "I had the services of a doctor and was none the better. He said I might have to go to the infirmary, but I thought before I would go there, I would give the Cuticura Soap and Ointment a trial. I am quite cured now and wish I had tried them sooner, and saved doctors' expenses. I can recommend Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment to anyone who has skin trouble, for they completely cured me of eczema." (Signed) Mrs. Mutch, Old Moss, Gight, Fyvie, Aberdeen, N. B., July 14, 1911.

HOW TO TREAT PIMPLES.

To treat disfiguring pimples and blackheads gently smear the affected parts with Cuticura Ointment on the end of the finger, but do not rub; wash off the Cuticura Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for some minutes. This treatment is best on rising and retiring. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout India but a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. book will be sent post-free, on application to Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta or Bombay, or Newbery, Charterhouse Sq., London.

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PROF. JAMES'
ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.
POSITIVELY CURE.

All Nervous Diseases, Sleeplessness, Failing Memory &c., and restore Brain Fag, Incapacity for Study or Business, General Debility Premature Decay, Exhausted Vitality, the result of overwork and dissipation. They are a great

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FOR HEALTH STRENGTH & ENERGY

NERVE TONIC AND BLOOD BUILDRE

and will bring back the pink glow of health to pale cheeks.

Constitute sustaining and life-giving elements (Lecithin, the delicate grey substance of the brain and nerve centres) of special value to Professional and Literary men, Clergymen, Tutors, Students, Lawyers, Clerks, Sportsmen, Athletes, Business men, and all engaged in mental occupations.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power with a feeling of courage, strength, and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels become regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved the step and gait again elastic and determined the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

Rs. 2-0-0 per bottle of 40 Pills. 3 bottles Rs. 5-8-0 V. P. Extra.

SELECTIONS FROM UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

R. J. Mewend, Traffic Overseer, Madras Harbour Trusts, writes that:—I have already tried Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and find them very efficacious. Please send three bottles more by V. P. P.

R. J. Macvicar, Shaw, Palladam, 12-7-11 writes that:—Those pills that I got from you have done me so much good, that a friend has asked me to get him a couple of bottles. So please send me by V.P. Post 2 more Bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

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PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,
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Fort, BOMBAY.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Surada, 3400 tons Captain F. Alton, will sail to-day for Rangoon with ballast.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamer Habsburg, 239 tons Captain E. Seberich, arrived in harbour yesterday from Trieste with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I, S. N. Co's steamer Barala, 1899 tons, Captain R. Butler will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and 7 cabin and 65 deck passengers.

The steamer Kasinga, 2922 tons, Captain H. Elford, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

The steamer Liverpool, 3036 tons, Captain W. Batey, arrived in harbour yesterday from Portsaid with ballast.

The Wilson Line steamer Ariosto, 2760 tons, Captain H. Beadley, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hull with a general cargo.

The steamer Janeta, 2,778 tons Captain H. G. A. Timmis, arrived in harbour yesterday from Middlesbrough with a general cargo and explosives and 3 passengers.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macaulay, 1775 tons, Captain N. Leslie, will sail to-day for Marmugoa with ballast.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamer Semiramis 2552 tons, Captain A. Bellaffor, will sail today for Trieste &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

APPROACHES TO BOMBAY.

From 1st to about 21st November the Unattended Bombay Floating Light-vessel will be withdrawn from her station and replaced by a Light-vessel painted red and having three masts.

By Day.—She will carry a red ball at the main mast head.

By Night.—She will exhibit a white light revolving once in every 20 seconds at a height 36 feet above the water line, visible all round the horizon at a distance in clear weather of 10 miles.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP

R I M S Northbrook...Comdr A E Harold......Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 15.

Abydos	1930	Lilley	Bo & Africa S N Co
Angus	230	Dakers	T M & Co
Ariosto	2760	Bradley	J Finlay & Co
Banca	3791	Poter	P & O Co
Barala	1899	Butler	M M & Co
Belli of Ireland	2772	Weeks	T M & Co
Barjora	1908	Bertridge	M M & Co
Bahrein	1402	Grant	Arab Steamers Ld
Cecil	5210	Lovik	J M & Co
Dunrobin	2319	Carr	T Morrison & Co
Dumra	762	Morrison	M M & Co
Gymeric	2598	Cassack	B N Lang
Habsburg		Seberich	A L S N Co
Janeta	2778	Timmis	
Kasara	505	King	M M & Co
Kilbride	2385	Macfarlane	A Yule & Co
Liverpool	3033	Baty ...Mostyn Deep	K N & Co
Lawoe	1817	Brewig	Arab Steamers Ld
Naderi	1168	Hughes	Bo & P S N Co
Silverash	2,378	Scroggie	T M & Co
Umhloti	1338	Ost	W & A G & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—Oct. 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Sardegna	3224	Mezio	Genoa	15-10	R Line
A Assaye	4280	Cockman	S'ghai	23-10	P & O Co
B Barsano	2762	Boxball	K'chi	14-10	J F & Co
C&R Waddon	2576	Whiston	Antwerp	23-10	W & A G & Co.
D&E Devanha	4785	Hickey	Shanghai		P & O Co
F Surada	2300	Alton	Rangoon	16-10	M M & Co
H Badrie	1615	Fisher	Juddah	17-10	Arab Strs Ld
K Sanuku Maru	3787	Tatabaka	Kobe	14-10	N Y Kaisha
M Den of Crombie	3128	Jarvis	Genoa	14-10	K N & Co
N Strathleven	2845	Brown	Philadelphia	15-10	R A Willis
Q Silverash	2378	Scroggie	Ant	25-10	T M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
1 Capri	2952	Amezaga	Hongkong	17-10	R Line
2 Scindia	3523	Kelso	L'pool	23-10	W & A G & Co
4 Gedding Court	2495	Gleghorn	Antwerp	12-10	J M & Co
4 Onda	3410	Cant	Rangoon		M M & Co
5 Merton Hall	2773	Field	L'pool	16-10	K N & Co
6 Mazagon	3280	Raddock	Calcutta	19-10	M M & Co
7 Semiramis	2552	Belaffer		16-10	A L S N Co
8 Clan Macaulay	1775	Leslie	Marmugoa	16-10	J F and Co
9 Weissenfels	2433	Bellen	Hamburg	20-10	W & A G & Co
10 City of Paris	5915	Campbell			K Nixon & Co
12 & 13 Persia	4155	Bradshaw	London	19-10	P & O Co
15 Gramsbergen	3157	Goot		16-10	T M & Co B & P S N Co

H W P D

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
Satrunji	547	Hoosein			Bo S N Co
Kaveri	553	Mahomed			Bo S N Co

P & O Dock.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
Edith	1815	Beeching	Repairing		J Mackintosh & Co

M W D D

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
Kanzler	1865	Schaffs	Durban		A S & Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
15	Ariosto	Bradley	Hull Sept 12
	Janeta	Timmis	M'bro Aug 30
	Liverpool	Batey	Port Said Oct 1
	Habsburg	Seberich	Trieste Oct 1

DEPARTURES.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
15	Bassano	Boxhall	Hull
	Sordegna	Minixis	Genoa
	Strathleven	Brown	Philadelphia
	Kasinga	Elford	Calcutta

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Barala, Butler, for Busreh.
" Surada, Alton, for Rangoon.
" Semiramis, Belaffer, for Trieste, &c.
" Clan Macaulay, Leslie, for Marmugoa.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Onda, for Calcutta.
" Barjora for P Gulf, &c.
" Umvoti, for Liverpool, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Colquhoun, left Liverpool on the evening of the 13th instant. The same Co's steamer Clan Shaw, arrived in London on the morning of the 14th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Kohistan, left Port Said on the afternoon of the 14th instant. The same Co's steamer Seistan, left Port Said on the evening of the 13th instant.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

The following statement shows the total mortality and the incidence of plague in the City of Bombay, during the 24 hours from 6 a.m. on the 14th Oct. to 6 a.m. on the 15th October:—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Plague ...	1	2
This day last year	nil	nil
Total mortality from all causes	120	103
Cholera	8	nil

SATISFACTION goes with each bottle of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, the most popular Fever Cure of the day. Nothing equals its efficacy as a cure for Malaria. It has an excellent tonic effect on the system and in no way it depresses the heart like other Fever Cures. A trial is sure to convince the most prejudiced. Of all chemists. —MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

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AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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SMALL-POX, PLAGUE, ENTERIC FEVER
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STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6	0	2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5	12	2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4	12	2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4	6	2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4	0	0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4	0	0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4	0	0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3	6	0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
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Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
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A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
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are considered to be the leading
PIANOS OF THE WORLD
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ONE HUNDRED GRANDS
are in constant use.
The extraordinary capacity of these instruments for standing in tune is a feature of very great importance in India. The tropical models of
BLUTHNER PIANOS
may be depended upon to stand with perfect success as they have already stood the test of 25 years, the injurious effects of the extreme humidity and dry heat of India.
SOLE AGENTS.
MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

The Bombay Gazette

Wednesday, 16th October, 1912.

PROGRESSIVE INDIAN STATES.

SPEAKING at Cambridge a few weeks ago, Sir W. Lee-Warner, who is our best authority on Protected India, referred to the invasion of democracy in these hitherto placid backwaters of the East, and to the haste with which some of them were equipping themselves with institutions and ideals, not quite suited to their subjects. With the exception of one in which compulsory primary education has been introduced, they are far behind the instructional standards of British India, and as they have all been carefully segregated by their rulers from Congress influences, they are still tyros in politics, accustomed to regard the will of their Chiefs as the best kind of administrative perfection, and not understanding or appreciating the motives which are causing some of the latter to delegate a portion of their authority to advisory bodies and Councils. In States, which are unfitted for this form of progress by previous preparation or a knowledge of representative institutions, there have consequently sprung up a number of hybrid reforms which are neither real nor useful, except as optical illusions for the Government of India and the Political Agents who encourage their charges to emulate the perfection of neighbouring British districts. Chiefs of some of the minor principalities, who have read about the advantages of democracy in the newspapers, the speeches of Radical Parliamentarians and the orations of Indian patriots, have been impressed with the potency of a cult which has awakened the unchanging East and converted the oldest of its Empires into a Republic and have dim ideas that something similar is going to happen in Hindustan. Hence in some instances there have been hurried and almost ludicrous attempts at devolution to representative bodies suddenly summoned into existence, who dare not question the ruler's "hookm" that he is to be relieved of a portion of his autocracy as a first concession towards the principles of self-government. The difference between the democratic movement in British India and the States is that in the former it is the outcome of an educated public opinion, whereas in the protected territories it has been initiated and encouraged by the Chiefs themselves, because their subjects have no views of their own on matters which are eagerly discussed elsewhere, and would probably be content to remain passive spectators of what is occurring, instead of becoming active partners in the complexities of rulership.

There are, however, many notable exceptions to the type of "reforms" noticed in the preceding paragraph, and by way of contrast a few may be mentioned as examples of what may be done under capable guidance. In these respects Mysore leads Protected India, because when it was restored to indigenous rule by Lord Ripon, the State had a perfect system of administration, introduced by British Agency, and the agreement with the Maharajah stipulated that no changes were to be made without the consent of the Governor-General in Council. When the Viceroy of the early eighties gave India the first glimpses of local self-government, Mysore was encouraged to follow suit with its Representative Assembly which was the earliest attempt at co-operation between a Prince and his subjects. This body still meets annually in October for the discussion of financial and administrative affairs with the Dewan, and is now in session at the capital of the State. The electoral principle has been applied to it, and among the members there are Europeans representing the planting and mining interests, which are important factors in the prosperity of Mysore. But although the assembly is an admirable safety-valve it has no executive authority, as the acceptance of its conclusions and propositions rests with the Maharajah and his advisers, and experience has shown that this does not invariably happen. Baroda has made some striking advances on the path of self-government, and has also solved to its own satisfaction, and the admiration of the Indian party at Westminster, certain administrative and educational problems which are still being debated in the Supreme Council. In a lesser degree, Hyderabad has made tentative advances in the same direction, and it is not improbable that its present Cabinet Council may be expanded into a representative body, when the Nizam considers that his subjects may be entrusted with a franchise now restricted to some of the seats on its legislature.

While these are interesting examples of what has been accomplished in the three principal Indian States, we turn to Rajputana for the latest illustrations of the spells of democracy in spheres which have hitherto been excluded from its influences. Bikanir ranks second in the group of Chiefships, whose romantic stories are recited in Tod's "Rajasthan," with a population of about half a million and a revenue of some thirty lakhs per annum. Its Maharajah, who is honoured with the personal friendship of the King-Emperor, has just been celebrating the Silver Jubilee of his rule, and has marked the occasion by giving a concession to his subjects in self-government, which places Bikanir ahead of the rest of Protected India. Until the other day all power and authority centred in the Chief who was assisted by a small advisory body selected from his Thakurs, and so far as we are aware there were no indications that the cult of democracy had reached the brave Rajputs, who are warriors and not talkative politicians. But their Maharajah considers that the time has arrived for a division of responsibility between them and himself and has decreed that Bikanir is to have a Representative Council, modelled after the greater body which is associated with the Viceroy in the legislative and public affairs of India. The Bikanir constitution is to be an exact reproduction—with such modifications as local requirements may denote—of the Supreme Council. A percentage of its seats will be electoral, the rest being filled by the Maharajah's nominees, and it is to have precisely the same functions as its Delhi prototype. One hopes that it may be equally successful and that the Maharajah, like the Viceroy, will be able to congratulate the members at the close of each session, on the value of the work achieved, and the executive results of debates into which none of the asperities of Westminster enter. However this may be, the Bikanir experiment will be followed with the greatest interest by the rest of Feudatory India, and if it proves to be workable, we may expect to find some of the more advanced States making similar concessions to the democratic principle, and perhaps with the same suddenness that has attended the transformation in Rajputana. From these areas of older India, the Chief's mandate takes precedence of all written laws and is the only form of public opinion to which the people are accustomed. Hence when he decrees Councils and representative institutions, no one presumes to suggest that a little preliminary preparation might be desirable. Should circumstances cause their subsequent deletion, there would be no protests against their disappearance such as we should witness in British India if the Councils were blotted out by an arbitrary Secretary of State, like the democratic visions which were recently grafted upon an indiscreet paragraph in an official despatch.

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THE FIGHTING IN ALBANIA. THE success of the Montenegrins in the opening stages of their campaign goes a long way to explain the haste with which they began operations. They have had excellent information and chosen their time well. A shrewd blow has already been struck at Turkish prestige throughout the Balkans, and it is doubtful if Turkey will ever now recover from the effects. The unconditional surrender of a large force, possessing abundant food and ammunition, is indicative of anything but a fighting spirit in the Albanian army; and it may be that the recent rebellion has tried Albania's loyalty too severely, and that the people look now for autonomy to the Christian States rather than to their Turkish rulers. The attitude of the Malissori, or Christian Albanians, confirms this view; and as they predominate in northern Albania it looks as if they had worked with the Montenegrins for the invasion. The *causeries* of the London press which came by last mail, show that, like ourselves, the Home papers have only lately noticed signs of a definite understanding among the Balkan States, and that to them also the term confederacy and the thing it implies were quite new in Balkan politics. Up to the present it looks as if the principalities had been preparing in secret for a combined attack on Turkey in the spring, and that by accident or by design Montenegro fired too soon. Whether the Montenegrins got a hint from Italy that the naval war was not yet finished and not likely to be, or whether, as is also possible, feeling on the Albanian frontier had got beyond control, the result of this first engagement justifies Montenegro's confidence. So long as the war with Italy continues, the Turks cannot send reinforcements by sea to Salonika, upon which, as we anticipated yesterday, the Turkish forces in Macedonia will concentrate and where the headquarters of the army will be.

Little seems yet to be known in London of the fighting strength or disposition of the troops on either side. The opinion that time is in favour of the Turks is based on the belief that the Turkish strength lies in Anatolia, and that they can bring strong reinforcements from there to Europe. If, as a rhetorical cablegram announced two days ago, they have already begun to do so, this would furnish an additional reason for Montenegro's action. One thing is certain. The Balkan States are better informed about Turkey than Turkey about them; and that state of matters does not afford much ground to hope for Turkey's ultimate success. Turkey's prospects are darker to-day than yesterday. She may be able and we hope, for the sake of the enormous interests involved, that she will be able to keep a footing in Macedonia and to hold her own in Thrace, to use the classsical name for the regions of the Bosphorus; but unless there is a speedy change in the situation, Albania will be lost to the Turks for ever. A quieter feeling now prevails in the European capitals, and it seems to be thought that hostilities may be confined to the Peninsula. Austria's self-denying resolution to take no hand in the struggle until the fighting is over, has probably contributed to the restoration of confidence at Home. It will be very difficult for Austria and Russia even if they act in concert to force Servia and Montenegro to hand over to the Great Powers all the territorial spoils of war, which it now seems probable they will seize; but in the meantime there is some prospect that the conflagration will not spread beyond the Balkans. That is bad enough. Consols have already fallen, which means that money has already been lost in London; and homes have been rendered desolate and women have wept in the remote mountains of Novi Bazar. There is not much money to spend, however, on either side, and we may hope that sheer exhaustion will soon bring hostilities to end.

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THE ARMENIAN DISORDERS. THE situation in the Balkans absorbs much interest at the moment, but the mail papers give some prominence to affairs in Armenia, leading up to the resignation of the Patriarch. Before he resigned he read a detailed explanation to the Armenian National Council in which he recounted "the numerous representations recently made by him on the subject of the assassinations, rapes, seizure of properties, and robberies which are daily taking place in Armenia, and declares that, despite the formal promises made to him by the Grand Vizier and the Minister of War, not only have these representations been disregarded, but the Government has issued a denial of them. Assassinations continue, and even this day, the Patriarch continued, telegrams announce two murders at Bitlis and one disappearance at Mush. In Diarbekir, on the 19th, an Armenian notable was assassinated in the public streets. The Patriarch declared that since June 12 murders had been systematic, the Armenians being specially disarmed for the purpose. Kurds were armed to the teeth. He concluded by saying that as he could do nothing he resigned, praying God to come to the aid of the martyred Armenian nation." The Patriarch does not seem to have acted precipitately for the Turkish Minister of the Interior admits that there is a necessity of establishing order, and when a Turkish Minister goes so far in reference to Armenian complaints we may take it that there is "necessity" indeed. The Kurds, of course, are at the bottom of most of the trouble and as more recent advices go to show, that these ferocious tribesmen have also been active in the Caucasus on this occasion, at least, Turkey cannot reasonably be saddled with all the responsibility for their depredations. At the same time none can deny that the Porte has displayed almost singular reluctance to tackle the problem in her Armenian province and she will find it difficult to convince the outside world that she is not in some degree culpable.

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NAMING A CAPITAL. THE amusing pastime of coining names which recently was so popular on the other side of India, is being taken up in Australia, where the discussion of a new name for the new Federal capital has been resumed. Our readers will possibly remember some of the terrible attempts, which were made to produce an appropriate composite name for the new province, which was formed of Behar, Orissa and Chota Nagpur. "Bechnaor" and similar atrocities were quite seriously suggested, and at least one genius in Australia seems to be equally proficient at the game. He or she—we should fancy it is a woman—has suggested that the new capital be called "Qualesoria," which we are informed is composed of the names of the various States. We are glad to note that the Federal Cabinet, which has lately been giving the subject consideration, though apparently purely as judges of words and not as word-coiners, did not include this brave effort amongst a few suggestions, which were selected as worthy of further thought. Amongst these the best seems to be "Pacifica," while two poetically disposed people have suggested "Shakespeare" and "Burns." If these names are the best the Cabinet could find we do not think much of the material at their disposal. Perhaps, after all, Australia may draw a moral from India. The difficulty in Behar was eventually solved in a very simple manner by calling the province Behar and Orissa. It may eventually occur to Australia to call the capital by its proper name. This we admit at full length, as we first heard it, was quite impossible, but now that "Yarra-Canberra" has been reduced to plain "Canberra" it is really not so fearsome, and is certainly more suitable than any of the suggestions above. At any rate, whatever name the capital may eventually get, it is intended to announce it at a big function to take place before the end of the year in celebration of the laying of the foundation-stones of the new city.

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JAPANESE COASTING TRADE. THERE are many reasons why British shipowners and others should sympathise with the attempts made to secure official attention to the fact that British ships are excluded from the Japanese coasting trade, and we dare say Mr. Acland will have little peace in the House of Commons until he is able to assure that persistent heckler, Sir John Rees, that formal representations have been made on the subject. At the same time it is as well to remember, before we ascend to any giddy height of indignation, that Japan is only honouring a policy in her waters which the United States have long done in theirs, and out of which the latter are now making tremendous capital in connection with the trade through the Panama Canal. There is this further point of view to be taken into consideration. Japan is a tariff-protected country, and the rigid reservation of the coasting trade for her own ships can only be regarded as a protective measure; and from this standpoint we cannot see how anybody, who believes in the justice and efficacy of a protected trade, can cavil at the exclusion of British ships. The fact, in these circumstances, that the Indian coasting trade is open to foreign shipping, can have but little bearing on the question as a whole, and we have no doubt this view will some day be explained to Sir John Rees and those on whose behalf he has raised the question in the Commons.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

INTERESTING ATHLETICS.

The London Athletic Club put forward an interesting programme for its autumn meeting at Stamford Bridge on Saturday. Everyone was anxious to see how W. R. Applegarth would fare in his attack on the English record for 220 yards, and when he won his heat of the open 100 yards handicap (in which he was placed half a yard behind the scratch mark) with the watch showing 10 secs., the experts were quite prepared for something sensational. Applegarth rather foolishly went out for the second round of the "100," when he only failed by inches to win, the time being 9 9-10 secs., or as it is termed in England, one yard inside even time. Thus the little Polytechnic Harrier well beat 10 secs. for the 100 yards and he is very likely to show us 9 4-5 secs. next summer. His attack on the furlong record came rather soon after his "100" and his two previous efforts must have taken something out of him. A special handicap had been framed, but his three rivals were not treated liberally enough, as Applegarth was leading with 50 yards to go and he passed the post in 21 4-5 secs. It was a capital effort on a curved track and enhanced through Applegarth having to face a wind for 100 yards, besides which he was bothered through his shoe bursting during the race. His time tied with C. G. Wood's English record, but the latter had the advantage of a straight track when he set up his figures at Stamford Bridge in 1887.

ACTIVE VETERANS.

Visiting athletes are frequently impressed by the number of old timers who take active part in English athletic competitions. One of our most noted veterans is J. E. Fowler-Dixon, whose 50 miles amateur record has stood since 1885. Although he is now 62 years of age, he still has a run occasionally and judging by the youthful appearance of his parents, he may even be able to run twenty years hence. His father and mother, aged 82 and 79 respectively, were at a recent athletic meeting and their activity explains, to some extent, the athletic ability of J. E. Fowler-Dixon.

More veterans were on show at Stamford Bridge on Saturday, when a 150 yards handicap for men over 35 years of age created great interest. Memories of the past were recalled by some of the entrants whose ages stretched out to 69 years of age. The winner proved to be E. J. Wade, a good sprinter, quarter, miles, hurdler and jumper of the early eighties. He is now 54 and off his mark of 24 yards he reached the tape in 15 3-5 secs. This is by no means slow, particularly for a man who has not competed, or trained, for twenty years.

One of England's most improved runners this season is F. J. Bridge of Birmingham, who originally distinguished himself as a cyclist. He beat G. W. Hutson the 4 miles champion, in a 3 miles level race just after the Olympic Games, and his latest effort was to win a two miles level race on grass at Derby. The time was 9 mins. 43 secs, E. Owen, the one mile champion, being third, about ten yards behind the winner.

Those English athletes who saw H. Kolehmainen of Finland, put up so many fine performances at the Olympic Games are fully prepared to hear of his breaking all sorts of records in America. He seems to have shaken off the staleness from which he was suffering when he turned out at Glasgow, just after his Stockholm feats, judging by what the cable tells us. To win the American 5 miles championship and then follow up with another 5 miles in 25 mins. 9 2-5 secs., a few hours later is a hint of what to expect. Kolehmainen will probably be at every record on the books from 2 to 12 miles during the next few years, for he is a marvel. If he settles in America, he will certainly help althletics greatly even though he will not be able to represent the United States at the Olympic Games in 1916. His example, however, will be very valuable and young American athletes will no doubt profit accordingly.

CYCLING.

C. A. Moss of Birmingham is a wonderful man for an unpaced cycle race on the road. He is one of the few who have done their "100" inside 5 hours, his latest effort of the kind being the Speedwell Cycling Club's "100" on Saturday. The course is a hilly one, consequently the time of 4 hours 59 mins 40 secs. is perhaps quite up to L. Meredith's record on the Bath Road, which was a bit inside 4 hours 57 mins. How well Moss rode in the Speedwell race, may be judged from the fact that he beat the second man by 10 mins. and 9 secs. and the latter's time has only been bettered by Moss and R. Shirley over the particular course.

SWIMMING.

There seems to be reason to hope that English Sprint swimmers will be rather more to the fore in international races in the near future. L. J. Haskins and H. A. Annison are two swimmers who ought to do big things next season. They finished first and second in the 100 yards Southern championship, beating J. H. Derbyshire, the holder into third place. Haskins did 60 3-5 secs. and his "runner up" a fifth slower. Annison created several school boy records last season, and he is steadily improving, so there is no telling what he may do in a couple of years.

The 200 yards breast stroke championship at Sheffield this week was of an International character, F. Courbert of Belgium being among the entrants. He made a good showing, but had to put up with second honours, P. Courtman of Manchester winning in 2 mins. 47 4-5 secs.

BOXING.

The meeting of P. O. Cunan of Ireland, and G. Rodel, the ex-amateur from South Africa, was expected to be a stepping stone for one of them to get a match with Bomb. Wells. It must be confessed that both were very slow in their movements, Rodel perhaps having a bit the best of matters on points. The bout came to an unsatisfactory end in the sixteenth round when Rodel was disqualified for butting his rival under the chin. The referee had previously warned him for improper use of his head, so that he only had himself to thank for what happened.

The news of how will Harry Thomas of Birmingham had performed against Abe Attell in America, was more than counterbalanced by the decisive defeat of Jack Harrison by E. McGoorty at New York on Monday. The English middle-weight champion is a rugged fighter who can take and give hard punches, so that McGoorty's performance in beating him inside one round, following on his quick win over Dave Smith of Australia, stamps the winner as very hot. Sportsmen here are pleased to learn that he contemplates another visit to this side of the Atlantic. After recent events, a match between the American and either Carpenter of France or Wells of England would prove a draw.

SCULLING.

We are certainly enjoying a boom in professional sculling and the victory of E. Barry over G. Arnst does not appear to have frightened off his challengers. Webb and Pearce seem anxious to make an effort to wipe out the defeat of Arnst and many sportmen here anticipate that the last named will seek the rubber with Barry, each now having a win to his credit.

The coming match between Barry and Ed. Durnan of Toronto did not take long to fix up. The articles were signed on Tuesday, and both the English and World's championship will be at issue when the men try conclusions on Oct. 14th. The Canadian created a favourable impression when he turned out on Monday, but his record does not compare with his rivals, so that Barry is likely to be a pronounced favourite.

GOLF.

H. H. Hilton has many nice things to say about his recent visit to the United States. He thinks American players generally have improved since he visited America last year and says this is because most of the cracks are so young, consequently further advance may be looked for. His one and only complaint is that the very hot weather did not allow of his showing his best form. The Royal Liverpool player also pays a high tribute to the hospitality of American sportmen, remarking "one would eat four dinners daily, if not very careful, so many being anxious to play the host."

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

The arrival of the South African "Rugger" men to-morrow is being eagerly awaited. Followers of the code recognise that the tour will give a further fillip to the game which has greatly improved since the visit of the "All Blacks" from New Zealand. The tour of the South African players is opportune for the increased popularity of Association in the West of England, Yorkshire, and certain parts of Wales is alarming some people. There is really no need, for whilst the masses may show more appreciation of "Soccer' as a spectacle, Rugby will continue to draw its players from the 'Varsities Hospital, Public Schools, and a body of sportsmen who are generally speaking, a credit to the country. The spread of Soccer in the West of England has led to trouble in the Rugby world. Some of the Devonshire Club officials are supposed to have been in communication with Northern Union officials and they are now likely to have to explain their action to the Rugby Union.

SOCCER.

There were some sensational happenings in the Association world on Saturday visiting teams having a rare day. Five out of the ten First League matches ended in favour of the visitors. The great triumph of the afternoon was gained by West Bromwich Albion on Aston Villa's enclosure. This local "Derby" attracted 60,000 people. It was a wonderful game as after Shearman had scored in the first minute, Bache put the Villa on terms and repeated the performance after Bonser had scored again for Albion. The latter would not be denied and further goals by Jephcott and Bonser enabled the famous "Throstles" to beat their old rivals.

Another notable triumph was that of Woolwich Arsenal on visiting Sheffield United. It was the first win of the season for the "Gunners" and for which Randall (two) and Mc Laughlan were largely responsible.

The Glasgow teams are not likely to forget their experiences on Saturday, Queen's Park, alone managing to win. The triumph of Heart of Midlothian on visiting the Glasgow Rangers was indeed a big one. The home side lacked the services of two of the regular players, but the visitors were handicapped through Walker being hurt and forced to retire before half time. Even with ten men, "Hearts" had the best of it and deserved all four goals. Celtic also failed at Dundee and it appears that the old champions are well below the club standard.

IN GENERAL.

A new 1,000 miles record of 13 hours 8mins. 25 secs. was created by a 12-16 h. p. Sunbeam car at the Brooklands track early in the week.

The annual Rugby Polo Club's September Tournament enabled the Wanderers to show up well in the Count Montaign Cup, as with an allowance of one, they beat Chapel Brampton by six goals to four.

It is announced that Jerry M., winner of the Grand National last March, is suffering from a strain, and it is feared that it will not be possible to train him for some time.

J.C. Hatfield continues to show improvement and in a successful attempt to be at the 400 metres swimming record he set up 5mins. 21 3-5secs.

The total receipts from the Triangular Test Tournament amounted to £12,463.

H. E. Potts (holder) was successful in winning the Amateur Swimming Association diving championship from eighteen rivals on Wednesday, G W. Gaidzik, champion of America, being second best.

FACTORIES IN BOMBAY.

The following Government resolution has been passed on the annual factory report for the Bombay Presidency :—

The administration of the Factory Department during the year under review was marked by no events of special importance.

The total number of factories regulated by the Act during the year under report was 603 being 26 in excess of the number for the year immediately preceding. The agricultural workshop at Belgaum, and the bobbin factory at Surat, which were established in 1909, and were the first factories of their kind to come under the Act have disappeared from the list. The number of operatives employed in factories in the Presidency has risen by over 6,000, a fact due chiefly to the increase of work in the cities of Bombay and Ahmedabad, consequent on the termination of the recent period of trade depression during which the cotton mills were working short time.

The requirements of the Act to ensure satisfactory sanitation have been generally attended to. The arrangements for ventilation are, however, still deficient. The subject of factory ventilation, is under consideration the submission of the final report of the committee appointed to report on the question being delayed pending the arrival of an expert from England, to assist the committee in fixing definite standards and drafting rules.

The rates of wages of skilled and unskilled labour do not exhibit any variations of importance. There were a few partial strikes in Ahmedabad, in connexion with a re-adjustment of piecework rates, but in all cases the dispute was settled amicably.

Four prosecutions were instituted during the year in Bombay and in East Khandesh for contravention of the provisions of the Act relating to the employment of women and children. The warning issued by Government against the danger of the employment of such persons near cotton openers was acted upon by almost all factory owners.

The machinery was generally well guarded. Seven prosecutions for defective fencing were instituted during the year as against eight in 1910. The total number of fatal accidents reported during the year was 20 against 27 in the preceding year. During the past decade the percentage of persons killed or injured to the total number of operatives has declined almost continuously from ·89 in 1902 to ·63 in 1911, the latter figure being the lowest on record.

The present is the last report which deals wholly with the administration of the old Factory Act, the new enactment having come into force in July, 1912.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Himalaya" (extra) passed Suez at 6 p. m. on Monday.

THE P. and O Co's steamer "Palawan" arrived in London on the afternoon of October 14th.

THE P. and O. Co's steamer "Egypt" arrived at Suez from Bombay on the afternoon of October 13th.

THE WAR IN THE BALKANS.

TURKEY CANNOT CONCEDE DEMANDS.

Confederacy's Note will be Ignored.

FIERCE FIGHTING AND A GREAT VICTORY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 14.

While the Bulgarian Premier still expresses his determination to maintain peace, if possible, and urges that the Balkan States are merely asking for the execution of the Treaty of Berlin, there is no disposition on the part of Europe or Constantinople to ignore the fact that a virtual ultimatum containing demands, which Turkey cannot and will not accept in the present circumstances has been presented.

The reply is expected to be prompt and emphatic; indeed, Turkey is already acting as if war were declared, by seizing Greek vessels, with cargoes valued at a million sterling, mostly British-owned, and munitions, and by forcing Greeks and Bulgarians to pay a year's taxes in advance before allowing them to quit Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 14.

The Porte's reply to the Embassies further stated that its efforts to carry out reforms had hitherto been impeded by all kinds of obstacles. Nevertheless, the Government had persevered and had decided to apply the "Vilayets Law" directly it was sanctioned by the Chamber and the Sultan. The Porte, however, is unable to admit the bearing of Article 23 of the Treaty of Berlin on the present situation.

CONSTANTINOFLE, Oct. 15.

It is expected that the Porte will ignore the Note of the Confederacy, which has excited surprise and wrath among Turkish officials, who are furious at what they describe as the colossal impudence of the Minor States, adopting a tone, which the Powers have never used towards Turkey.

SECRET OPERATIONS.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

The movements of troops in each country are shrouded in silence. Military critics think that the delay favours Turkey by permitting more extensive concentration, but it has been generally understood that the Bulgarians would not be fully ready until Oct. 15th or 16th.

General Savoff, Commander-in-Chief of the Bulgarian army, went southward yesterday.

GUERILLA BANDS.

It is generally believed that guerilla bands of Serbs and Bulgarians in Macedonia will play a considerable *role*, at least at the beginning of the war, by attacking Turkish communications and harassing the Turks upon the march. The reports of skirmishes on the Servian frontier may possibly be ascribed to them.

Ali Riza Pasha will command the troops of the Turkish Army in Macedonia with headquarters at Salonika.

LONDON, Later.

The Turks surprised the Servians around Ristovatz. The Servians, however, rallied hastily and repulsed the aggressors. Fighting continues over ten miles of the frontier.

BELGRADE, Oct. 15.

Fighting took place on the Servian frontier during the whole of yesterday. The Turks numbered three thousand. The Servians lost 24 killed and four wounded and then retired.

Government denounces the attack as provocative, but declares that it will continue on the defensive unless the incursion assumes greater proportions.

ATHENS, Oct. 15.

Reconnaissances made by an aeroplane and the cavalry show that the Turks have abandoned the Thessally frontier, and have withdrawn to the villages of Sorovitch and Servia. It is believed that they number forty thousand.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN INTENTIONS.

VIENNA, Oct. 14.

It is announced that no military action of the Confederacy in the Sanjak of Novi-Bazar, will induce Austria-Hungary to interfere. Only after the termination of hostilities will the Monarchy act, as the protection of its interests in the Balkans may require.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

LONDON, Later.

A more dignified tone was apparent on the Stock Exchange to-day though acute uneasiness still prevails.

Consols touched 72½.

A re-assuring factor, however, is that the continental Bourses have regained some of their equilibrium.

FALL OF TUZI.

First Great Victory in the Campaign.

PODGORITZA, Monday.

Tuzi surrendered to the Montenegrins, to-day, who captured many guns, 7,000 rifles, six Turkish regular battalions, a number of horses, 800 tents and food supplies for ten days.

The Montenegrins at noon were preparing to storm Tuzi, when a Turkish officer, bearing a white flag, appeared and unconditionally surrendered.

A deputation of burghers of Tuzi then came to Prince Danilo, begging for mercy and pardon.

The Montenegrins made a triumphal entry in the afternoon, being welcomed with jubilation by the Christian Malissori inhabitants.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 15.

Official telegrams state that Turkish reinforcements have reached the region of Gusinje, and have assumed the offensive, driving back the Montenegrins.

Fighting is now taking place on Montenegrin territory.

The Turks claim a victory at Tuzi.

SOFIA, Oct. 15.

Five hundred Turks, on the evening of the 13th, attacked a Bulgarian post in Tamrosch district. The defenders, acting on the instructions of the Government, withdrew.

RECKLESS BRAVERY.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

A message to the *Times* from Cettinje says that the searchlights of Scutari on the night of the 11th instant, were thrown on a thousand Montenegrins, preparing to attack Tarabosch, the quick-firers of which immediately opened fire, mowing down the Montenegrins, who disregarded the order to retire and advanced amid a hail of bullets. It is believed that they were nearly all wiped out.

THE CRETAN COMPLICATION.

Greek Premier's Bellicose Declaration.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

The Cretan deputies are profiting by the war situation to defy the Powers, and they have entered the Greek Chamber.

ATHENS, Oct. 14.

The Cretan deputies received a vociferous welcome in the Chamber.

The Premier declared that the Government had accepted the vote of the Cretan Assembly in favour of union with Greece. Henceforth there would be only one Chamber for Greece and Crete.

Greece was ready to face all dangers and was confident of victory.

THE CONSULS IN SAMOS.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Reuter learns this evening that the Consuls have gone to Samos to report on the condition of the Island, and that the telegram which reached London this morning with reference to the new Charter is incorrect.

IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

A mass meeting of the Mahomedans of Calcutta and the suburbs was held on Sunday, at the Colootolla Imam of the Makhoda Mosque. Moulana Hafiz Ahmed Musa of Egypt presided, and between three and four thousand persons attended the meeting. The proceedings commenced with an address by Moulvi Abdul Ahad, who dwelt on the brotherhood of Islam, and exhorted his audience to sink all differences and present a united front to the enemies of Islam in the present crisis.

Mr. Ahmed Din made a speech in English, dealing with the present crisis and the obligations of Moslems all over the world towards their brethren in affliction. The proceedings terminated with a fervent prayer for the victory of Moslem arms.

At Sirajgunj, the Hon'ble Mr. Shiraji addressed a mass meeting of Moslems, and explained the calamity and horror which had befallen Turkey and Persia. Prayer was offered for the victory of Turkey.

CONQUEST OF THE AIR.

Remarkable Flight by German Naval "Zeppelin."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, Oct. 14.

The Naval "Zeppelin" airship, with twenty-one people on board, has made a wonderful flight lasting thirty-one hours.

The vessel started from Friedrichsafen and passed over Lubeck and Hamburg, landing at Johannisthal. It was befogged the whole day, but kept in wireless communication with Cologne.

INDIA AND CEYLON.

Steamers for Ferry Connection Launched at Glasgow.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

The first of three turbine steamers for the South Indian Railway was launched at Glasgow on Saturday. It is designed to carry on the ferry service between Dhanneshkadi and Talemnaar. It will accommodate a number of first-class and 500 third-class passengers, and a quantity of cargo.

CHINESE OPIUM-GROWING.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Replying to Sir John Rees, in the House of Commons, Mr. Acland said that diplomatic and consular reports provided evidence of the inability of the Peking Government to impose its will on the provinces. The reports also showed that since the revolution, China had signally failed to carry out the Anglo-Chinese Agreement for the progressive diminution of the production of opium.

"I cannot say," Mr. Acland continued, "that there are any indications at present, that the central Government will be able in the near future to enforce the discontinuance of poppy-growing, but I trust that the gradual restoration of normal conditions, which I believe to be in progress, will ultimately lead to this result."

JAPANESE COASTING TRADE

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Sir John Rees asked in the House of Commons what was the result of the representations made to Japan with reference to the exclusion of British ships from the coasting trade, while the Japanese were admitted to the coasting trade of India.

Mr. Acland replied that no representations had yet been made, but the matter was being considered.

HOME RULE DEBATE.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

The House of Commons, by 203 votes to 100 has adopted a resolution applying the guillotine to the Home Rule debate. The House also, by 197 votes to 92, adopted a motion to suspend the eleven o'clock rule and the five o'clock rule on Fridays for the remainder of the session.

THE CESAREWITCH.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

The latest betting on the Cesarewitch is:—

7 to 2 against Balscadden,
9 to 1 against Tootles,
10 to 1 against Rathlea,
100 to 9 against Mushroom, and Tullibardine,
100 to 7 against Papavero and Bryony
100 to 6 against Donnithorne and Galafront.

MR. ROOSEVELT SHOT.

CRAZY SALOON-KEEPER'S CRIME.

Bullet Lodges in Wall of the Chest.

REMARKABLE COURAGE AND COOLNESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 15.

A telegram from Milwaukee states that Mr. Roosevelt has been shot by a Socialist in the street near his hotel. The wound is not serious.

Later.

A later telegram from Milwaukee states that Mr. Roosevelt was not hurt. He was proceeding to address a meeting, when the outrage occurred, and the crowd in the streets was with difficulty restrained from lynching the assailant, whom the police seized.

Mr. Roosevelt asked that the man might be brought before him, and he then asked why the man had fired the shot. No reply was given.

Mr. Roosevelt afterwards addressed the meeting.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 15.

It appears that Mr. Roosevelt was shot, but would not allow the doctors to examine him. He went to a meeting and spoke for over an hour, though weak from loss of blood. He was then examined, and though there was no immediate danger, he was removed to an emergency hospital, where six doctors were unable to locate the bullet, which is in the breast. They have decided to take an X-rays photograph.

Later.

Mr. Roosevelt sat on the operating table talking politics to the surgeons, while they were searching for the bullet, which was found in the wall of the chest. The wound was not serious, and Mr. Roosevelt left the hospital at 11-30, walking without assistance. He said he was feeling fine.

He leaves for Chicago at midnight.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.

Mr. Roosevelt has arrived here, and is now resting. He suffered no discomfort on the journey.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 15.

Mr. Roosevelt's assailant was a Bavarian saloon-keeper, named Schrank, who is supposed to be crazy. He confesses to having followed Mr. Roosevelt for weeks, watching for an opportunity to kill him.

DETAILS OF THE CRIME.

Mr. Roosevelt had left his hotel and was about to enter his motor-car, when Schrank walked up, pointed a 38 calibre revolver at the Colonel's chest, and fired. The bullet pierced his heavy army overcoat, passed through the manuscript speech in his pocket, and entered his left breast, embedding itself in the muscular tissue, Mr. Roosevelt's secretary seized Schrank and threw him to the ground. The crowd obeyed Mr. Roosevelt, who was quite calm, or Schrank would have been lynched.

Mr. Roosevelt then entered his car, and urged his companions to hurry to the meeting, or they would be late. He said on the way that he was not hurt, but his secretary pointed to the hole in his overcoat. Mr. Roosevelt replied that the wound was not serious and insisted, despite his doctors' orders, upon addressing the meeting.

Mr. Roosevelt strode on to the platform, and the audience, who had no knowledge of the attempt, cheered him wildly.

The chairman then advanced, and asked the audience to accept what he was about to tell them calmly. He said that the Colonel had been shot and was wounded. The crowd raised a cry of horror and astonishment, and Mr. Roosevelt then asked to be excused from making a long speech. He would do the best he could.

"There is a bullet in my body," he said, "but I am not badly hurt. I do not care a rap about being shot. It would take more than that to kill the bull moose."

"Fortunately," Mr. Roosevelt went on, "I had my manuscript in my pocket." (He showed the audience the riddled paper). "I want to take advantage of the incident to give a solemn warning to Americans, that I have too many important things to think of to feel concern about my own death. I am heart and soul in the Progressive cause for the betterment of mankind, and I am telling the truth, when I say I am not thinking of my own success."

Then describing his assailant as a coward, Mr. Roosevelt showed his blood-stained shirt to the audience. He attributed the attempt to the effect of the venom and mendacity of the opposition papers.

SEDITION FROM JAPAN.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

In reply to a question by Sir John Rees, in the House of Commons, suggesting that Japan be requested in a friendly manner to suppress the seditious publications of the Islamic fraternity, which were being circulated in India, Mr. Acland said that Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Ambassador, had been instructed to bring the facts to notice of the Japanese Government, but as the introduction of such literature into India was prohibited, it was considered unnecessary to present a request for its suppression.

THE LATE MR. PICKERING.

Proposed Memorial Fund for the Widow.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

In connection with the death of Mr. M. W. H. Pickering, late Chief Inspector of Mines, India, who was killed while leading a rescue party in the Denaby Mine disaster, Sir Ralph Ashton, Sir E. Beble, Sir David Yule and Mr. H. S. Ashton have proposed a memorial fund of £4,000 for the benefit of the widow. The Indian Mining Association Committee has approved of the raising of £1,500 in India.

PERNICIOUS PATHAN GOSPEL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 15.

Pathan Maulvis or Mullahs, as they are variously described, are reported to be roaming over rural Sind preaching the new gospel of the spiritual lordship of the Amir of Afghanistan over all the Islamic peoples in the world.

THE SANITARY SERVICE.

Experts Criticise Government Scheme.

BETTER TERMS NECESSARY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Colonel King, ex-Sanitary Commissioner of Madras, and Professor Simpson, in letters to the *Times* contrast the remarkable results of sanitation as shown by the low mortality among Indian soldiers and convicts with the excessive sickness and mortality still prevailing among civilians.

They urge the establishment of an organisation effectively administered by the Executive Sanitary Service. They severely criticise the Government of India's scheme, under which the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, instead of becoming the representative head of the Sanitary Service, is thrust into a subordinate position under the head of the Medical Service. They controvert the plea that the medical cannot be divorced from the sanitary services, pointing out that since 1868 the principle of placing the Presidency Commissioner directly under the Government he serves was practised by the Government of India's own orders.

The obstacle, that the younger bacteriologists desire closer connection with hospitals, can be met by the issue of departmental orders in the Provinces, while the difficulty arising from the arduous life of the Sanitary Commissioners under the local Governments can be removed by better terms offered to men devoting their life to sanitation.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

His Excellency Shoots One Hundred Duck.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SRINAGAR, Oct 15,

On Monday, at 9-30 a.m. Their Excellencies and party left by motor for a duck-shoot on the Hokrar Jhil. The morning was lovely, the air crisp and exhilarating, and the view of the snow-capped hills afforded a splendid spectacle. The arrangements for the shoot were in the capable hands of Mr. Phelps, than whom there is no better sportsman in Kashmir.

Later.

Their Excellencies went to Hokrar Jheel for duck shooting on Monday morning. Ten guns accounted for some seven hundred birds, one hundred falling to the Viceroy. There was a dinner party at the Residency in the evening.

UNREST AMONG SAVARAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 15.

In connection with the disturbance reported yesterday amongst the Savaras, a hill tribe inhabiting the Agency tracts in Parlakimedi, Ganjam, a Parlakimedi resident telegraphs:—

Some time ago the Privy Council delivered judgment in favour of Government who laid claim to this tract and Mr. C. H. Welchman was posted to bring the forest under the jurisdiction of the Reserve Forest Department of the Government. His efforts have met with opposition from the Savaras who believe that Podu cultivation which they have carried on from time immemorial on the hills is seriously affected. Mr. Welchman who is encamped at Jirrangi, apprehending danger, wired to the authorities for speedy assistance. Mr. MacMichael, District Magistrate, and the Deputy Superintendent of Police at the head of a body of Reserve Police hastened to the spot. The Savaras had meanwhile been assembling and twelve of them, supposed to be the ringleaders, were arrested and brought to Parlakimedi this morning.

CHINESE LEAVING TIBET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

The Chinese soldiers who are on their way back from Tibet to China will leave Darjeeling by a special train on Wednesday, and will reach Calcutta in the early hours of Thursday morning. The special train will be transferred to the Port Trust Railway and taken to Outram Ghat, where the men will be detrained about 8 a. m. and will go straight on board the Apcar Line steamer "Japan," which is to sail on Friday. This first batch of returning soldiers consists of one general, twelve officers and 450 men with two European officers and ten Gurkhas as escort.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 15.

The *Pioneer's* Kalimpong correspondent wires that a contingent of Chinese soldiers arrived from Tibet on Monday, and that two further detachments are expected in a few days,

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON A NURSE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

At Shahebgunj the railway police have arrested a European on a charge of assaulting Mrs. Doran, a nurse to Mr. Cross, Executive Engineer, of Bhagalpore, (Behar), in a running train between Malhati and Shahebgunj stations on the loop line (E. I. R). The accused was released on a bail of one hundred rupees, pending trial.

KABULIS AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct,

The influx of Kabulis into Calcutta has again begun and Inspector Shere Mehomed Khan of the N. W. W. Frontier Police, who is doing duty in Calcutta, is again busy meeting them on their arrival at the Howrah railway station. About a hundred of these frontiersmen arrive, it is said, almost daily, and after a stay of a couple of days leave for various up-country stations from Calcutta.

MALARIA CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13.

The Governor of Bengal has nominated Babu Motilal Ghosh, editor of the *Amrita Bazar Patrika*, to represent Bengal on the Malaria Conference to be held at Madras early next month.

Gas under high pressure is by far the cheapest and most powerful illuminant known and is particularly suitable for mills, big shops, godowns, railway stations, all large open spaces and streets.

"BURMA CRITIC" CASE.

Address by Counsel for the Defence.

"CHAMPION OF THE PEOPLE."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 15.

On the resumption of the case, Andrew versus Arnold, before the Chief Judge and a jury at a special sessions of the Chief Court, Rangoon, to-day, Captain Finnie was further cross-examined by Mr. Hamlyn, counsel for the defence, with the object of proving that a conspiracy existed between Andrew and the witness with the object of screening McCormick from punishment on the charge of rape.

The Judge had repeatedly to warn counsel to confine himself to relevant matters and not to put irrelevant questions. As he had intimated to counsel at the opening of the case, if he did not obey him his lordship would be obliged to stop counsel from cross-examining the witness.

Mr. Hamlyn every time submitted that his questions were relevant. Finally, he submitted that he would try his hardest to get in the evidence required. His lordship had ruled him out of order many times and he felt it very strongly, but since his lordship had brought it now to a climax he would endeavour to avoid such questions, still believing that he was within his legal rights and he thought that the questions were admissible.

With the finish of this witness's cross-examination, the Government Advocate closed his case.

The accused said, in reply to the Court, that he would make no statement, but leave his case in his counsel's hands.

Mr. Hamlyn's junior, Mr. Champagnac, then opened the case for the defence, in a lengthy speech, which occupied the better part of the day. He opened by asking the jury not to consider what they had heard outside, but only to weigh the evidence given in that court. What the consequences would be to Andrew or Arnold must not weigh with them. Counsel relied on the second and ninth exceptious to section 499, I. P. C., that the articles were written in good faith and for the public good. He went on to outline what the witnesses for the defence would speak to and commented on the evidence for the prosecution. The Press had always been in the past as well as at the present time and hoped would always be in the future the champions of the people's cause. Arnold had no animus against Andrew, and had told them that he did not know who Arnold was until he saw him in the magistrate's court. He had no spite or "zid" (strong bias), so he did not write the articles with the object of harming Andrew. He wrote them because as the editor of the "Critic" he thought it his duty to bring before the public the miscarriage of justice at Victoria Point. Finding his efforts with the Burma Government to make them enquire into the matter to be futile he took the extreme step of publishing the article.

Counsel commented on the absence of prosecution witnesses who, if Andrew had any grievance, would give testimony in support of him. The prosecution had lamentably failed in their duty in not calling all the witnesses, who could throw light on the prosecution, such as Mr. A.W. Buchanan, Sub-divisional Magistrate, Mr. Dawson, Police Prosecutor, and Inspector Sherard who held the enquiry. The reason why they were not called was because the prosecution knew that the mystery, which shrouded McCormick's trial, would be solved, and they were on that account frightened to call them.

Counsel asked the jury to say on the evidence that he would adduce that there was a conspiracy between Andrew and Finnie to shield McCromick from the just consequences of his acts. If Andrew were an honourable man he would have sent the case up to another magistrate for trial and would not have tried it himself.

Counsel, in conclusion, said that from the admissions they had from Andrew and Finnie they could not come to the conclusion that Arnold had written anything without due care and attention. The prosecution was launched for Arnold's ruination. He submitted that it would not be his ruination, but it would be his vindication and the public would thank him for having taken up the cudgels on their behalf and for seeing that there was no miscarriage of justice in a case in which a European was the accused and some Malays the complainants. Arnold spoke boldly and carelessly and there could be no mistake about what he meant. He left the case in their hands knowing as he did that they would do their duty to themselves and to their country.

INDIA'S FOREIGN TRADE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

The total foreign trade of India for August last shows that imports of merchandise totalled twelve crores of rupees, being eleven and a half lakhs higher than for August, 1911, and one crore seventy thousand above August, 1910. The total export of merchandise was seventeen crores sixty-two lakhs, being an increase of two and a half crores and two crores and sixty-five lakhs on those of August of the two preceding years. The import of treasure totalled five crores, and the export forty-four lakhs. The total trade in import and export for five months is fifteen crores above similar months in 1911, and twenty-four and one-third crores above 1910. During August, Government imported thirty lakhs of rupees worth of silver through Bombay, while Bombay private imports were one crore and twenty-two lakhs.

SIR O'MOORE CREAGH'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

QEUETTA, Oct. 15.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief this morning took the salute at a ceremonial parade of the troops in garrison and afterwards presented the medal of the Order of Merit to Naik Kesharowal, 122nd Rajputs, for gallantry in defending a convoy attacked by outlaws last spring near Fort Sandeman.

His Excellency also inspected the Boy Scouts and visited the Soldiers' Club. This evening His Excellency dines at the Staff College.

Mr. R. W. Murphy, P.W.D., died of cholera on Monday after a few hours' illness.

In November the Indian Mining Association will take up the question of railway contract forms, both for railborne and seaborne coal which are considered unduly favourable to the railway.

MADRAS MOSLEMS.

Educational Conference in North Arcot.

LOCAL ENTHUSIASM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 15.

The Mahomedan Education Conference was held on Sunday at Vaniyambadi, an important Muslim centre in the North Arcot District.

The conference discussed several important questions affecting the progress of primary and secondary education of Mahomedans. The conference urged for the provision of religious education in local and municipal and other aided schools and for the provision of separate allotments for Mahomedan education in budgets of local bodies.

Mr. Justice Abdur Rahim distributed prizes to the pupils of the local Madrasa (Moslim school). He made it the occasion to deliver a stirring exhortation to his coreligionists to make every sacrifice they could to provide suitable education to their children as their progress as a community depended so largely on their educational advancement.

The Madrasa had been in existence for ten years and was supported entirely by the Muslim community of Vaniyambadi. They had raised and spent on the institution over a lakh of rupees up to date. The local subscriptions in individual cases amounted to twenty and thirty thousand rupees in response to the appeal made at the anniversary meeting, 16,000 rupees were collected on the spot amid scenes of wild enthusiasm, a "gosha" lady giving away property worth Rs. 10,000 to the school.

MADRAS ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

Hearty Send off to Mr. and Mrs. Corbet.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 15.

A reception in honour of Mr. and Mrs. Corbet was held in Colombo Museum (Colombo, Ceylon) grounds yesterday afternoon. The weather was wet, but there was a large attendance of leading Europeans and Ceylonese gentlemen. The Hon'ble Mr. P. Arunachelam, addressing Mr. and Mrs. Corbet, said that it gave him the greatest pleasure to welcome them on behalf of their numerous friends and admirers in the island. Mr. Arunachelam referred to Mr. Corbet's parents saying that Mr. Corbet (Advocate-General, Madras) was bound to them by ties of love and sympathy. He referred to Sir G. Campbell, Mrs. Corbet's father who had left behind a name still cherished with gratitude and affection.

Turning to Mr. Corbet he said that during the last twenty years the Ceylonese could have wished for no more zealous and devoted champion in England than he. They congratulated him on his appointment to the high post of Advocate-General of Madras. They congratulated still more the people of that Presidency and they felt sure that his advent to the Council of the Madras Government would he fruitful of blessings to the people.

In conclusion he begged Mrs. Corbet, on behalf of her numerous friends to accept as a memento of the occasion and a token of their esteem and affection, a casket and bracelet with the heartiest wishes for their happiness and prosperity. He handed along with the casket a roll on which were inscribed the names of the subscribers.

Mr. Arunachallam then handed to Mrs. Corbet the rare and unique silver Kandyal work casket which secured the prize of a gold medal at the St. Louis Exposition.

Mr. Corbet in returning thanks said he and Mrs. Corbet were quite overwhelmed with the warmth and cordiality of the reception they had been good enough to accord and their beautiful gifts were to be cherished as a memorial of the occasion. In the somewhat difficult task that lay before both of them in Madras they would receive great encouragement and support by that cordial send off, because he felt they approached the people of Madras under the happiest auspices.

They might look forward to making in Madras new friends, but not less valued than the friends they would leave there behind.

Mr. Corbet is to be sworn in as an Advocate of the Ceylon Supreme Court this week. He leaves for Madras on the 18th instant to take up the Advocate-Generalship there.

MADRAS SANITATION.

Government Grants to Different Districts.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 15.

In an order, dated 1st July, the Madras Government distributed a special grant of Rs. 2,268 among District Boards and Municipal Councils for expenditure on schemes of sanitary improvements. In the current year a supplementary grant of Rs. 2,00,404 for similar schemes will now be distributed as follows:—Annantapur, Rs. 4,066; Coimbatore, Rs. 13,546; Erode, Rs. 5,000; Negapatam, Rs. 24,500; Nellore, Rs. 20,873; Palghat, Rs, 18,000; Palni, Rs. 24,196; Periyakulam, Rs. 9,550; Salem, Rs. 10,440; Trichinopoly, Rs. 58,749, and Tinnevelly, Rs. 11,484.

SIR JAMES MESTON ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RAMPUR STATE, Oct. 15.

Sir James Meston and party left Nainital yesterday morning, and motored to Bareilly, where Mr. Allen, Commissioner of Rohilkhand, joined His Honour. They left Bareilly by a special train arriving at Rampur in the afternoon, where the arrival was public, and a large party including the Nawab were on the platform to meet His Honour. Last night the Nawab dined quietly with the Lieut. Governor, and to-day there will be a banquet.

His Honour leaves Rampur at 11 p.m. and arrives at Lucknow at 7-30 a.m. the arrival being public.

MADRAS CONVOCATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, Oct. 15.

The Rev. Allan F. Gardiner, M. A., will deliver the Convocation address on Thursday, the 21st November.

BEHAR AND ORISSA.

Financial Position Causes Anxiety.

LARGE DEFICIT EXPECTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

The *Englishman* states that the finances of the new province of Behar and Orissa are causing anxiety to the Government. The Imperial Government gave the province an opening balance of £833,000 sterling. It is evident that the outgoings of the new province are rather more than was anticipated, and in spite of the liberality of the Imperial Government, it is said on reliable authority that the deficit at the end of the year bids fair to amount to a high figure. As much as sixty lakhs is being mentioned in well informed quarters. It is quite possible, of course, that things may change for the better before the end of the financial year, and in three years the equilibrium might be achieved, but the position at present is causing some anxiety.

Another question involving a great deal of difficulty is the question of the site of the new capital. The unhealthiness of the site is notorious. The question of a summer capital has also to be solved. Surveys have been made in the Mirik Hills, but the cost will be considerable and will cause further financial embarrassment.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Inter-divisional Manœuvres near Delhi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, Oct. 15.

The usual salute to-day announced the arrival of Lieutenant General Sir J. Nixon, Commanding the Southern Army.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 15.

Sir James Willcocks will leave Murree on tour on the 17th instant.

The inter-divisional manœuvres in the north of Delhi will be carried out under strict service conditions, and during the actual period of contact between the opposing forces, bivouacking will be the order of the day. Sir James Willcocks will be the director of the manœuvres, but the Commander-in-Chief will be present to witness the operations.

BANGALORE, Oct. 15.

The 20th Deccan Horse, commanded by Colonel Elsmie, marched out of Bangalore this morning for Bolarum, their new station, which they reach on November 16th. The 26th Light Cavalry are coming here as a relief from Poona. The 20th were given a great send-off, headed by the bands of the 7th Hussars, the Cameron Highlanders, the 108th Infantry, the 101st Granadiers and the 61st Pioneers.

Captain C. J. Deverell, West Yorkshire Regiment, is appointed General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade, 4th (Quetta) Division, vice Major W. L. Longhurst, and 2nd Bn 7th Gurkha Rifles, whose tenure expires on 23rd of January, 1913.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.—Lieutenant W. R. Warden is appointed Adjutant, vice Captain J. de S. Spooner deceased.

Captain H. L. Popham, 26th Light Cavalry, to be Adjutant, Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles, vice Major G. C. Lambton, D. S. O., Worcestershire Regiment, vacated.

Captain A. E. Fitzgerald, East Surrey Regiment, to be Adjutant Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles, vice Captain C. G. M. Plumer, 61st Pioneers.

The undermentioned officers have been warned to embark for India, to join their units:—

7th Dragoon Guards, 2nd-Lieutenants D. G. F. Darley and L. O. Shaw; 2nd Bn. East Kent Regt., 2nd-Lieutenants D. V. Thomas and G. R. Howe.

The undermentioned officers has been posted, by the War Office to the Battalion specified on promotion, to embark for India about 29th October, 1912, to take over the command of his unit:—

2nd Bn. Leicestershire Regiment.—Lt.-Colonel C. G. Blackader, D. S. O.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted to retire from the service:—Colonel C. H. Westmorland, C. B., Indian Army, from 21st Septr., 1912.

The undermentioned officer has been posted by the War Office to the battalion specified on absorption and warned to embark for India about 13th November 1912:—2nd Bn. The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, Captain J. W. Sandilands.

The undermentioned officer has been posted by the War Office to the battalion specified on first appointment:—2nd Bn. The King's Shropshire Light Infantry), 2nd-Lieutenant C. R. C. Marsh.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave:—1st Bn. Border Regiment.—Captain B. O. Palmer, for 6 months, ex India, on Medical Certificate. 7th Dragoon Guards.—Lieut. H. M. Singer, general leave ex India from 2nd October 1912. 2nd Sappers and Miners.—Captain W. D. B. Conran, general leave, ex India, for 1 year. 1st Brahmans.—Captain J. Whitehead, general leave, ex India for 1 year.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave:—Captain A. W. H. Elias, 2nd Bn., 1st Gurkha Rifles, to 25th Novr. 1912; Captain R. L. Gamlen, I. M. S., for 6 months, on medical certificate. Lieut. H. R. Williams, 1st Bn., 10th Gurkhas, for 3 months. Lieut. N. H. King-Salter, 1st Bn., 6th Gurkhas, for 3 months, on medical certificate. Lieut. A. A. H. Beaman, 1st Lancers, to 4th December 1912. Lieut. F. M. Carpendale, 42nd Regiment, for 4 months. Asst. Commissary and Hony. Lieut. F. W. Leason, Military Works Services, to 29th November, 1913. Lieut. W. Milne, 2nd Bn., Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, to 21st Decr. 1912, pending, resignation.

INSULTS IN COURT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

There was a sharp passage at arms between Mr. T. C. Roy, Deputy Magistrate of Howrah, and a pleader, named M. C. Mitter, during the hearing of a cocaine prosecution on Saturday last. Yesterday, the Magistrate served a notice on the pleader to show cause why he should not be prosecuted for offering insult. The pleader also served a notice on the Magistrate, claiming Rs. 5,000 for insulting him in court.

THE P. AND O. S. S. "ARABIA".

The P. and O. Co. has issued the following:—The P. and O. s. s. "Arabia" only suffered slight damage in the accident in the Thames, and proceeded after such minor repairs as were necessary had been effected. She will leave Marseilles on Saturday the 19th instant, and may be expected to arrive in Bombay up to time on Friday the 1st of November.

It is notified that the Government of India have intimated that in the calendar year 1913 not more than 14,860 chests of Malwa opium shall be exported to China.

A special train carrying the president and delegates for the Hindu Conference at Delhi, will leave Lahore on the evening of the 16th. Special arrangements have been made at Delhi for the reception of the president who will be carried in a procession.

CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

Annual Report for 1911-12.

GOOD PROGRESS.

The Administration Report of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust was issued yesterday. It shows that the year 1911-12 was the thirteenth complete year of the Trust's existence and opened very auspiciously with the receipt of a free grant of 50 lakhs made to the Trust by the Government of India. Thanks to this grant the Trust were enabled to make a new and important street and improvement scheme for the construction of a road 100' broad from Crawford Market to Sandhurst Road through Memonwada in substitution for the long-contemplated road along the line of Abdul Rehman Street, which had grown prohibitively costly by reason of increase of rents during the 6 years of its incubation period. This new scheme was the chief work of the year, and it provoked much hostile criticism on the part of a certain section of the Corporation and much opposition from the Memons through whose quarter the road is to pass. Government, however, sanctioned the scheme in Government Resolution No. 7,230, dated 20th December 1911, General Department. The year was also marked by good progress made in working out the development plan of the large area acquired by the Trust between Dadar and Sion stations for the formation of a kind of garden city in what was until recently for the most part an agricultural area 6 to 10 miles from the heart of the city proper.

The usual appendices giving a synopsis of the Trust's work up to date under different heads are appended to the report. They give a synopsis of the Trust's capital account transactions, showing how 465 1-2 lakhs have been spent on the City, viz., 28 on the development of building estates on certain Government and Municipal lands temporarily vested in the Trust and 437 1-2 on the acquisition and development of the Trust's own estates.

The Trust's general account transactions show how the burden of interest and sinking fund charges to date (124 lakhs) on the capital (450 lakhs) borrowed by the Trust has been distributed between Government (11 1-2 per cent.), the Municipality (29 1-2 per cent.), and the Trust (59 per cent), and how the net contribution (50 3-4 lakhs) received by the Trust from Government and the Municipality towards these charges amounts to only Rs. 15 lakhs more than the capital, the Trust have sunk in the Government and Municipal lands which are temporarily vested in the Trust. In a supplementary statement, the Municipality's actual contributions to the Trust under section 72 are compared year by year with the maximum contemplated by that section; they fall short of the maximum by over 44 lakhs.

The loans raised by the Trust with the interest paid on each loan and the sinking fund accumulated to date totals Rs. 450 lakhs raised; Rs. 9 lakhs payable as half-yearly interest; Rs. 14 1-3 lakhs accumulated in sinking fund.

A list of Trust estates as at the end of 1911-12, shows how far they have been developed. Total developed area 13'4 lakhs square yards valued at Rs. 307'5 lakhs; undeveloped 51'8 lakhs square yards acquired at a cost of Rs. 153 lakhs.

The schemes undertaken by the Board, show the area and cost involved in each, the progress made in 1911-12, the further work to be done and the estimated cost thereof; aggregate cost 753 lakhs, including 445 lakhs spent to end of 1911-12.

The area acquired in each scheme with cost of acquisition and estimate of future cost shows a total of 37'9 lackhs square yards acquired for nearly Rs. 343.3 lakhs; 16 lakhs square yards yet to be acquired at a probable cost of Rs. 221'3 lakhs.

The progress made in leasing building sites on the Trust's developed estates:—Total 476 sites, leased at annual rentals aggregating a little over 8 lakhs, leaving 384 with rentals aggregating 4'9 lakhs yet to be leased.

In Police accommodation schemes undertaken by the Trust in 7 completed schemes accommodation for 21 officers and 392 men with their families and 19 horses has been provided on sites aggregating 20,118 square yards in area, at a cost of Rs. 11,82,523, on which Government have to pay the Trust Rs. 55,166 as annual rent.

In the chawls constructed for the poorer and working classes, by the Trust, in 49 completed chawls accommodation for 14,815 adults has been provided on sites aggregating 66,222 square yards in area at a capital cost of Rs. 38,49,094, while Rs. 36,519 have been expended to date on 1 more chawl as yet incomplete. Annual rent of completed chawl from Rs. 2 to Rs. 4-4 per room, aggregating Rs. 2 lakhs per annum. Capital cost per adult accommodated Rs. 259.

The list of roads constructed by the Trust, shows a total of 84 roads aggregating 12 miles in length, and 2,97,048 square yards in area, handed over to the Municipality including 26,253 square yards handed over in 1911-12; 15 others complete and incomplete aggregating 1'2 miles in length and 1,04, 311 square yards in area yet to be handed over. Cost of roads to date 84 lakhs for acquisition and Rs. 19 lakhs for construction. Total Rs. 103 lakhs.

Including the balance of 522 cases opened but not concluded under the land acquisition Act by the close of the year 1910-11, 808 land acquisition cases came before the special collectors during 1911-12, and of these 466 remained undisposed of at the end of the year. In the 342 cases disposed of, awards aggregating Rs. 29,81,644 were made for land aggregating 536, 628 square yards, an average of Rs. 5'56 per square yard.

The area acquired was about 16'5 per cent. of the area acquired in all the previous twelve years together.

It may be noted that a little over 22 per cent. of the cases including several of the more important ones were settled. Two-thirds of the total amount awarded was awarded in these settled cases.

YESTERDAY'S MEETING.

A meeting of the trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon the Hon'ble Mr. R. J. Kent, acting Chairman of the Board, presiding.

Consideration was given to the report of the Finance and Establishment Committee, and it was resolved that the report be adopted and allowance rules and leave rules be altered accordingly.

Consideration was given to the application for the lease of plot Nos. 13 and 14, Mathew Road Estate, for the erection of a motor-car garage and workshops.

The residents and house owners in the neighbourhood had sent in a protest stating that it would be a nuisance to them.

The applicant, on the other hand, urged that as the workshops would be towards the south there was no likelihood of disturbing the occupants of houses in the neighbourhood.

It was resolved to accept the offer at the rate of Rs. 31 per sqr. yard if the stone facing was carried up to the 29 ft. level; if it was up to 18ft. the rate to be charged should be Rs. 33 per square yard. It was further resolved that no factory work be carried out on the premises after 10 p.m.

ELECTRIC SLEEP.

Electric sleep, to be "turned on or turned off at will, is the alluring promise held out to sufferers from sleeplessness by Dr. Nagelschmidt, a German, physician, who describes his invention in the "Berliner Klinische Wochenschrift" (Berlin Clinical Weekly). So far electric sleep has been produced only in rabbits and dogs; but the experiments on animals have been so free from ill effects that Dr. Nagelschmidt thinks human being can be subjected to the same treatment without danger, Sleep is produced by a new form of electric current devised by Dr. Nagelschmidt. When applied to the base of the brain, he declares a narcotic effect is caused which can be maintained as long as is desired. The animals on which experiments were tried returned to consciousness and an entirely normal condition within a minute or two. Dr. Nagelschmidt asserts that his new method also has the power to eliminate pain in any portion of the human body. A condition is produced in which pinpricks, or even the incisions of the surgeons knife are not felt as long as the patient remains in an electrified state

NURSING MOTHER, if you find your Milk either beauty or poor we strongly recommend you to take ANGEL'S GALACTOGOGUE, a most reliable preparation that produces a plentiful healthy and natural flow of Milk. It enriches the blood and converts the watery non-feeding fluid into a rich nutritious diet. To be had at MADON, SONS and Co., Crawford Market Bombay.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

Insolvent's Property in Dispute.

Mr. Justice Davar disposed of a suit filed by Lalchand Dayaji and another, in which they sought to recover from Balkrishna Sakharam Patil and others a sum of Rs. 4,500, with interest thereon on a mortgage.

Mr. Rangnekar, with Mr. Bahadurji, instructed by Messrs. Raghavaya and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs, Mr. Jaffer with Mr. Thanavala, instructed by Messrs. Dubash and Co., appeared for the first defendant and Mr. Desai, with Mr. Taleyarkhan, instructed by Messrs Sabnis and Co., appeared for the second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth defendants.

The plaintiffs in this suit claimed to recover from the first defendant a sum of Rs. 4,500, with interest, alleging that this sum was due to them under an indenture of mortgage dated the 14th of February 1910, and executed by the first defendant, whereby he mortgaged his one-third share in certain property belonging to himself jointly with other members of his family.

The first defendant had on the 3rd of October, 1910, presented his petition in insolvency and that petition was pending on the 9th of January, 1912, when the present suit was filed. In consequence of the first defendant's pending insolvency the plaintiffs made the Official Assignee a co-defendant in the suit and the father, brother and sister of the first defendant were also made defendants in the suit, it being alleged that they were interested in the property mortgaged to the plaintiffs as members of a joint undivided Hindu family. The plaintiffs prayed for a decree against the mortgagee or the Official Assignee, and further prayed, in default of payment that the mortgaged premises might be ordered to be sold, and that in so far as it might be necessary the property comprised in the deed of mortgage be ordered to be partitioned, and the first defendant's share therein ascertained and made available for the satisfaction of the claim preferred in this suit.

The first defendant disputed the mortgage, and pleaded that the suit was not maintainable having regard to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act.

In delivering judgment, Mr. Justice Davar said that he would only consider the first and fourth issues raised in the suit. The first issue was whether the suit was maintainable having regard to section 17 of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act. The fourth issue was whether the suit as framed was maintainable against the third, fourth, fifth and the sixth defendants.

By the order of the 3rd of July, 1912, it was ordered that the petition in insolvency filed by the first defendant and dated the 3rd of October, 1910, be dismissed, and it was further ordered that the adjudication made in that order on the 4th of October, 1910, be annulled.

His lordship stated that the contentions raised in the first issue were based on section 17 of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act. That section provided that on the making of the order of adjudication the property of the insolvent should rest with the Official Assignee, and no creditor should commence any suit or other legal proceedings except with the leave of the Court and only on such terms as the Court might impose. To this section was attached a proviso, which indicated that the section was not to affect the power of any secured creditor to realise or otherwise deal with his security in the same manner as he would have been entitled to realise or deal with it, as if this section had not been enacted. It was therefore contended that this proviso permitted a secured creditor to file a suit of the nature now before the Court. His lordship intimated that he was unable to accept this contention. It was quite clear from the language of the proviso and the words employed therein that it was not intended to be an exception to the rule laid down by the section and applied to suits by secured creditors. The proviso in no way qualified the bar against a creditor filing the suit without the leave of the Court. What the proviso indicated was the power of the secured creditor to realise or otherwise deal with his security unaffected by the insolvency of the debtor.

In these circumstances, the suit, having been filed without the leave of the Court having been previously obtained, was not maintainable. The Court further held that it had no power to grant leave at this stage, as the leave contemplated by section 17 of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act ought to have been obtained previous to the institution of the suit.

His lordship therefore held that it was unnecessary for him to discuss the fourth issue in view of the conclusion arrived on the first issue.

The Court accordingly dismissed the suit with costs.

SHORT CAUSES.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman, yesterday at the High Court, disposed of the following short causes among others :—

GOPIGANESH RADHAVALABH AND OTHERS.

Mr. Taraporevalla, appeared for Indrasing Jesraj and others who sought to recover a sum of Rs. 5,495 with interest and costs, from Gopiganesh Radhavalabh and others. The claim was on an adjusted account, and on certain business transacted by them as Commission Agents.

Gopiganesh asked for time to instruct his counsel an file a written statement.

His lordship passed a decree for the amount claimed, and directed Gopiganesh to deposit a sum of Rs. 1,000 by the 24th of October and to prepare his written statement by that date.

MESSRS. GRAHAM AND CO.

Mr. J. Hormusji Vakil appeared on behalf of the Sardar Carbonic Gas Company and asked for permission to withdraw the suit filed by them against Messrs. Graham and Company, who carried on business outside the jurisdiction of the court. Under clause 12 of the Letters Patent, the leave of the court was necessary for the filing of this suit which had not been obtained owing to inadvertence. Under Order 23, Rule 1 Counsel prayed that liberty might be reserved to his clients to file a fresh suit on their behalf.

The application was granted.

MEMON AZIZ HUSEN.

Mr. R. D. Wadia appeared on behalf of Hakim Abdul Suban and prayed for a decree against Memon Aziz Husen for Rs. 2,735, due as fees for professional services rendered to the defendant. The plaintiff was a well-known Hakim of Kathiawar.

Mr. Jafferbhai, on behalf of the defendant, contended that this was a case of black-mailing. The defendant had recovered under the treatment of European doctors.

The suit was transferred to the long causes list.

THE POLICE COURTS.

BREACH OF TRUST BY GOLDSMITHS.

In the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, the case in which Inspector Salway charged one Wasta Keshow and his brother Dharma Keshow with breach of trust in respect of gold ornaments worth Rs. 2,603, belonging to one Suleman Haji Nur Mahomed, came to a conclusion. Mr. S. B. Kapadia, pleader, appeared for the complainant while Mr. Vaishunve, pleader, appeared for the defence.

The complainant entrusted the accused, who are goldsmiths, with some old gold ornaments to be re-made, but the accused instead of doing as required pledged the gold with some Marwari money-lenders and misappropriated the money.

His Worship found the accused guilty of the offence on the evidence produced, and as the accused had been convicted in other similar cases and had been in jail already, his Worship sentenced the first accused to six months' hard labour and the second to three months' rigorous imprisonment. The sentences are to run after the expiry of the previous sentences.

THE GAMBLING CASE.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case, in which Jaffer Mahomed and seventeen others were charged by Inspector Morris, C. I. D., with gaming in a common gambling-house run by the first accused in Erskine Road.

Mr. Velinkar, barrister, Mr. Payne and Mr. Fereira, solicitors, and Mr. De Cunha, pleader, defended the accused, while Mr. O. A. Harker, Deputy Commissioner of Police, C. I. D., assisted by Superintendent Sullivan, prosecuted.

Mr. Payne, on behalf of the second, fourth, fifth and sixth defendants and Mr. Fereira on behalf of the third, seventh, eighth and ninth defendants, addressed the court, after which the further hearing of the case was adjourned.

ATROCITIES IN SIBERIA.

Prince Kropotkin's Protest Against Brutality.

Another weighty protest against the atrocities which the Russian Government permits in its Siberian prisons is made by Prince Kropotkin in a letter to "The Daily News and Leader." Outrages have recently occurred even more revolting than those which raised a cry of protest last winter. Prince Kropotkins writes as follows from his address at Brighton:

"The conditions of life in the hard labour prisons of Siberia, especially in the Nerchinsk district, are so severe that cases of suicide and insanity among both the political and the common-law prisoners are of a very frequent occurrence.

"Some eighteen months ago, after the suicide of Sazonoff, the chief administration of the prisons nominated special inspectors who were to be sent from St. Petersburg to inspect the Siberian prisons. But, instead of nominating for this important post men who might be desirous of improving the conditions by a more humane treatment of the prisoners, they nominated precisely such men as had won a special notoriety by their brutality towards the prisoners under their control. Thus, among others, they nominated for that post a certain Von Kube, formerly a prison inspector at Orel where that terrible wholesale flogging took place which was spoken of last winter in the English Press.

"The result of the visit of one of these inspectors to a hard-labour prison in Siberia has now led to a new tragedy, even more terrible than the previous ones, as I now learn both from privet letter and from the Russian papers of Sept. 20.

"On Aug. 27 last the Kutomara Prison of the Nerchinsk district was visited by the Inspector Sementkovsky. In addressing the political prisoners he used the familiar 'thou'—a term deliberately intended to humiliate them. They did not answer. Thereupon he gave the order to the Governor of the prison to put the political prisoners on equal terms with the common law prisoners, even including punishment by flogging; and the same day, by his order, the prisoner Brilien was beaten, dragged out of his cell, and flogged.

"On the 28th the political prisoners were told that from the next day the common law discipline would be applied to them, and the same evening the prisonor Brilien, who was now in solitary confinement, was again terribly beaten, and again flogged.

"The other prisoners, especially those who were confined to the solitary cells, grew exceedingly excited, and protested loudly in their cells while the beating and the flogging of Brilien took place.

"The result was that during the same night two prisoners kept in solitary confinement, Moshkin and Mikhailoff, poisoned themselves. The poison, however, was not sufficiently active, and they suffered agonies. Moshkin died but Mikhailoff went mad. In the rooms, where several prisoners are kept together, six of them, Ryshkoff, Leibasen, Masloff, Oherstvoff. Odintsoff, and Kosloff, all took poison They suffered terrible pains, but did not die. Whereupon Ryshkoff, Leibasonand Masloff themselves opened their veins and of course, bled to death.

"Next day the head of the prison ordered a general search to be made in the prison. One more of the prisoners, Pkhalksy, resorted to poison. He was taken to the infirmary, and died on the way. All four were buried next morning in a common grave—the head of the prison saying: It is your affair to die, mine is to bury you.'

"All the other prisoners have begun the hunger-strike. More victims have thus to be expected.

"Such are the facts. Several St. Petersburk and Moscow papers have published in full the above report, and some sort of inquest into the affair is going to be made by the St. Petersburg prison authorities, but one may be sure beforehand that nothing will come of it. Nicholas II. will no doubt send 'his heartiest thanks' to the torturers, and the head of the Kutomara prison may be certain to have obvanced on the road of promotion. But I am certain that in this country these new horrors will rouse a feeling of indignation, and will call forth a serious protest against these atrocities, which are repeated so often as inevitably to point to the conclusion that they are willed by the Central Government."

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

At a meeting of the trustees, held yesterday, the following note on the revenue receipts for the half year ended 30th September, 1912, was submitted:—

In framing the Budget for 1912-13, account was taken of the partial failure of the monsoon of 1911 as affecting the stable items of the trade of the Port, and the receipts were estimated at about the same as the actual of the year 1910-11.

The following statement compares the revenue with the corresponding periods of the two previous years under the different sections:—

	1912-13 Rs.	1911-12 Rs.	1910-11. Rs.
Bandar Properties ...	13,48,000	13,77,000	13,35,000
Prince's and Victoria Docks	20,34,000	20,67,000	21,13.000
Merewhether Dry Dock	76,000	76,000	74,000
Miscellaneous and Interest... ...	2,60,000	2,33,000	1,93,000
Port Department ...	1,32,000	1,28,000	1,28,000
	39,00,000	38,81,000	39,43,000
Pilotage Department	1,38,000	1,19,000	1,21,000
	40,38,000	40,00,000	40.64 000

The gross receipts under all heads for the six months ending 30th September, 1912 show an increase of Rs. 38,000 as compared with the corresponding period in 1911-12 and a decrease of Rs. 26,000 as compared with 1910-11. With the present favourable conditions, however, it may be anticipated that the second half of the year will fulfil the expectations for the year taken as a whole.

Under Bandar Properties the decrease is only Rs. 29,000 and is due chiefly to smaller receipts from trooping accommodation and railway sidings.

Under Prince's and Victoria Docks there is a small increase of Rs. 17,000.

Under interest and miscellaneous, the increase is Rs. 27,000 due to interest on investments on the increased accumulations of the revenue reserve fund and general provident fund.

Under Pilotage Department there is an increase of Rs. 19,000 due principally to the imposition of a surtax of 10 per cent. on the pilotage fees on vessels inward and outward required to restore the vessels replacement fund to a satisfactory financial footing.

The receipts under Merewether Dry Dock and Port Department are practically the same as last year and call for no comment.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

....	For week ending 27th Sept, 1912.	Total from 1st April to 27th Sept 1912.	For week ending 27th Sept. 1911.	Total from 1st April to 27th Sept. 1911.
Vessels piloted into harbour.	29	603	24	573
Vessels piloted out of harbour.	26	600	21	590
Vessels transported	30	424	13	380
Vessels attended to	2	55	2	38
Vessels warped	4	47	1	23

There will probably be a redistribution of appointments on the Northern Assam Frontier this cold weather with a view to the better arrangement of the political work in relation, to the Abor, Mishmi and Miri tribes. A political officer with the rank of Deputy Commissioner will be posted to Sadiya, exercising general control over dealings with these tribesmen and under his orders will be four assistants, one for the Lohit Valley, one for the Chulikatta Mishmis, one for the Abor country, and one for general work.

POONA RACING.

Review of this Season Results.

If the class has not been quite up to the mark, fields at any rate have been all one could wish for if one excepts the few pony and jump races, and there is nothing to complain of in the matter of excitement. With Bleach, in Mr. Goculdass's interests, unlucky enough to find his charges out of form, Byramjee Rustomjee has of recent years sent out a regular sequence of winners. He has beaten all records during the past short season, annexing considerably more than double the successes of his nearest rival, averaging over two wins per day despite failure to score on the last two days.

It is remarkable how well Byramjee has done for all those who entrust their horses to his care. Messrs. R. R. S., Garda, Lion, Kelso and Homi Billimoria all figure in the first dozen most successful owners. The first mentioned heads the list, scoring heavily in short races both for all horses and Arabs, as well as with his great pony, Leo Grand. Another local owner in Mr. Ali bin Talib is a close second, the remarkable feature of this performance being that he solely relies upon the products of his own country, invariably having a finger in long distance events. Mr. Garda on the other hand has no Arabs just now, but a very useful string of English sprinters and ponies, who have to some extent made up for the loss of a valuable animal in The Loaf. Sir A. A. Apcar, as successful as ever in jump races, and the Patiala stable are sandwiched between other big Bombay owners and Mr. T. Scott, solely through Gunboat, also reaches five figures. Mr. Lion, with an ever increasing string of Arabs, is well up, as also Messrs. G. K. and M. Goculdass, but the latter have not been as lucky as the number of their racers would suggest, the latter possessing the largest individual stable in the country. Mr. Homer is unusually well up with a small string, but Mr. Oomer has found Rajput and other classy ones out of form with the champion stayer, Braganza, lame.

Brown, as Byramjee's first jockey, is naturally head of his department, in fact he stands out with 35 firsts and only unplaced 37 times. Next, as usual of late, is Ferguson followed by two who are new to Poona and have earned public confidence, Ruiz and Pratt with A. Hoyt improving his position on the last day. The Kuhn brothers have done fairly well and Young Harrison is well on the way to justifying the prophecies of admirers, with about a stone to go before he need worry about having to declare over-weight.

On the results of this meeting we are usually expected to be able to form some idea as to the respective chances of those who will run in the big events of Calcutta. As to the Viceroy's Cup, our only discovery has been Gunboat. That he had been only three months in the country means that he may be expected to improve. His Aga Khan and St. Leger wins were not great performances in themselves, but he came on materially between each and, as he is likely to be wound up thoroughly on the day of the big race, he is a distinctly dangerous quantity. Having lost his penalties, Vavasor was a valuable horse this season, but though he won the Trials it must be remembered that several were conceding not a little weight and with his leg trouble he is not likely to be fancied anything like as much as his stable companion, the double winner Mayfowl. This horse was not at his best in Poona, as he requires a deal of work, and is sure to be again the hardest to beat. Black Buck could do nothing in Poona and we must wait before being able to judge whether Saxonite can reproduce the Australian form, which make him out to be a better stayer than Gunboat.

As to the Trials, Vavasor here again will get in much less favourably than in Poona and the weight at which he meets those he beat is likely to make all the difference. Soultline is of course very dangerous despite advancing years, but so inconsistent and hard to train that people have little confidence in him. In actual form, the race is likely to rest between Lumination and Victo, both insufficiently tuned up for the distance. In the mile the latter gave the former weight and a beating, but Lumination was very "big" then and was in the bargain made too much use of. Gunboat will find the journey too short and Karnell's form has not been disclosed as yet.

Major Hughes and the Turf Club officials have had a trying time of it, but a continuation of the same patient tact they have been exercising is likely to pull them through on the right side.

Following are the full statistics of the season :—

OWNERS.

	Gross Rs.
Mr R R S	29,250
Mr Ali bin Talib	26,250
Mr F M Garda	22,000
Sir A A Apcar	16,500
Mr Lion...	14,750
Mr T Scott	11,000
Mr G K	12,700
Mr M Goculdass	12,550
H H the Kour Saheb of Patiala ...	12,050
Mr Kelso	6,400
Mr W Homer	5,550
Mr Homi Billimoria	4,760
H H Col Obiadulla Khan of Bhopal...	3,900
H H the Jam Saheb	3,050
Mr Gussy	2,800
Mr S A Wahed	2,800
Capt Fell and Mr Wilson	2,400
Mr Alp	2,200
Mr J C Smith	2,200
Messrs J M Mistry and A A Rehman...	2,150
Mr Abdoola Faras...	2,100
Mr Holmes	2,000
Mr A S Oomer	2,000
Mr S Ebrahim	2,000
H H the Maharaja of Mysore ...	1,850
Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee ...	1,600
Mr J M Mistry	1,600
Mr Beg	1,600
Zemindar of Sivagiri	1,500
Mr J Crawford	1,500
Mr Gold...	1,500
Mr Abdoola Tamimi	1,450
Mr Salim Abdul Rehman	1,300
Nawab Moinudin Khan Bahadur ...	1,250
Mr Ebrahim bin Zaid	1,200
Mr A R Tahar	1,200
Mr R Craig McKerrow	1,050
Mr D Framjee	900
Major Greig	900
Mr Corbould Warren	700
Messrs Oomer and Broomer ...	700
Messrs Oomer and Lion	600
Messrs H Obayed and A R Daheel ...	500
Capt C V Martin...	500
Mr D G Greenshields	500
Mr C G Stilemsn...	500
Mr Welman	500
Mr Thimble	500
Mr Ahmed Hargany	500
Mr Zaid bin Mohomed	500
Mr Jassim M Essa	500
Mr Saleh Kharadi	400
Capt Hodgson	400
Mr Abdool Aziz McKenzie	350
Chief of Mahisal and Mr F M Garda...	300
Thakur Sripal Singh	300
Lt-Col Arnold	300
Capt W H Anderson	300
Mr A C E Marsh	300
Mr A J De Souza...	300
Mr Baboo	300
Mr Naji Syed Rashid	300
Mr F N Furdoonjee	300
H H the Yuvaraja of Mysore ...	200
Thakur Rajendra Singh	200
Capt Fell	200
Capt B H Alderson	200
Capt S J Donovan	200
Capt Kay	200
Messrs M Goculdass and A Mana ...	200
Messrs Valijee Moosajee & G A R Ally.	200
Mr A S Robinson...	200
Mr Man Mohan	200
Mr Shaik Esmail...	200
Mr Ebrahim Mana	150
Mr Syed Rashid	150
Mr Reuben Soloman	150
Mr Brain	100
Mr L Kalidass	100
Mr Haji Ahmed Bagdady	100
Mr C A Ecles	100
Major Davie	100
Capt K E Cooper...	100
Mr C A Grantham	50

TRAINERS.

Byramjee Rustomjee	35
Ali bin Talib	13
O Bleach...	7
J C Smith	6
R Bence...	6
J Watson	4
O B Mahomed	4
D Greenhalgh	3
Cowasjee Burjorjee	3
Ahmed Daleel	3
T Ferguson	2
T Scott...	2
Major Greig	2
Mr Wilson	2
A S Oomer	2
Gcolam Ally	2
Abdoola Faras	2
Mahomed Khailan...	2
H C Ramshaw	1
J Penton...	1
Faraj bin Sanad	1
Mahomed Jamal	1
Abdoola Shamlan	1
Ahmed Hazamy	1
Saleh Dakeel	1
Capt Fell	1
Mr Welman	1
Mr D J Greenshields	1
Mr E Corbould Warren ...	1

JOCKEYS.

	1st	2nd	3rd	unplaced
P Brown	35	9	6	37
A Ferguson ...	16	13	7	51
P Ruiz	8	7	8	39
A Hoyt	7	12	5	49
C Pratt	7	4	7	35
P Kuhn	6	8	14	39
A Kuhn	4	9	8	57
A Harrison ...	4	1	7	25
J McGlone ...	3	4	7	25
L C Hoyt ...	3	4	6	15
W Southall ...	3	4	3	49
J Robinson ...	2	6	4	30
P Firth	2	2	3	24
W Hayhoe ...	2	1	0	2
Mujeed	...	6	4	36
Dhondi	...	2	2	13
Purtoosingh ...	...	2	...	17
T Melsom ...	...	1	3	24
T Ferguson ...	...	1	1	2
Fahad	...	1	0	17
F Bland	...	...	1	12
Abbas	...	...	1	9
Gooloo	...	...	1	2
Etul	...	...	...	20
Kaikosroo ...	...	...	...	6
C Fisher ...	...	...	...	5
Hazza	...	...	...	5
L Warke ...	...	...	...	3
Kanoo	...	...	...	3
J Taylor ...	...	...	...	2
Rustom	...	...	...	2
E Ames	...	...	...	1
Greenhalgh ...	...	...	...	1
Joll	...	...	...	1

G. R.'S.

	1st	2nd	3rd	unplaced.
Capt Fell	6	2	1	2
Capt O'B Butler ...	2	3	2	12
Mr Wilson	1	3	2	2
Capt Mc Cudden ...	1	1	0	7
Mr E Corbould Warren...	1	0	1	2
Capt W H Anderson ...		1	2	4
Capt Queripel... ...		1	0	0
Mr Bush		1	0	0
Mr A C E Marsh ...		1	0	0
Mr J H Crawford ...			2	7
Mr Landon			1	1
Mr H A B Johnson ...				4
Mr Goodridge ...				3
Mr C A Eeles				2
Capt Coaker ...				2
Capt Chaytor ...				1
Capt S J Donovan ...				1
Capt Montgomery ...				1
Major Barton ...				1
Mr J Douglas ...				1
Mr W H Todd ...				1
Mr R D Wright ...				1
Mr Willoughby ...				1
Mr Welman ...				1
Mr M Rommel ...				1
Mr Knight Bruce ...				1

BOMBAY MOUNTED SPORTS.

The annual mounted sports meeting of the Bombay Gymkhana opened on the Marine Lines maidan yesterday in warm but pleasant weather, and before a large attendance. As usual the meeting will occupy three days and will be continued on Thursday and Saturday. For the opening day, there were seven events on the programme of which six were contested. The Crawford Market Stakes had to be postponed on account of the extremely small entry of ladies. The remaining events were well-filled and provided an interesting afternoon's sports. Results :—

Jumping.—1, Sir H. E. Procter's "Asbestos" ridden by E. C. Reid ; 2, A. S. Robinson's Better, Luck ; 3, R. N. Aylward's Micky.

Tent-pegging (individual), ponies only.—1, Captain Maclean ; 2, M. G. Stuart.

Polo ball race.—1. M. G. Stuart ; 2. R. F. R. Cooke.

Bending race (bare-back), 1. R. Todd ; 2. M G. Stuart.

Led horse race, 1. J. R. Landon and A. S. Robinson ; 2. M. G. Stuart and J. Wallace.

Horse scurry.—1. Messrs. Morris and Fletcher's Lincoln ; 2. H. Tremearne's Harkaway ; 3. A. S. Robinson's Tokay. Won by two lengths ; same distance between 2nd and 3rd.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 15.

The monsoon is slightly more active and rainfall has reappeared in Burma and Assam.

Rainfall has been nearly general on the west coast, the south of Goa, and south-east Madras, fairly general in south Hyderabad and local in Bombay, the Deccan, Mysore and Assam. A few falls have also occurred in Burma.

Kodaikanal records 2 inches ; Trichinopoly, Tinnevelly, Gulburga and Malegaon, each 1 ; Calicut, 1 1-2 ; Yamethin, 3 3-4 ; and Toungoo 2.

Forecast :—No large change.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 15th Oct., giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Night temperature is in defect at Jhansi and Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is in slight defect at Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess at Deesa, and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity and maximum temperature are normal. Minimum temperature is in excess in Berar and at Khandwa.

The Konkan.—Mormugao records 0'38" of rain. Skies are clear at Bombay and moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual at Ratnagiri. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Local rain has fallen; Malegaon has had 1'01", Sholapur 0'20" and Hyderabad 0'16". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess at most stations. Maximum temperature is in excess at Malegaon and Hyderabad; the minimum is above normal at Malegaon and Ahmednagar.

General Remarks.—There has been an increase in the area of rainfall in the Peninsula. Nearly general rain has fallen in Malabar and south-east Madras, and local rain in the south Konkan, Hyderabad and the Bombay Deccan.

Fairly general rain is likely in south-east Madras and Malabar, local rain in the Madras Deccan, and a few showers in the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) 15th October, was 29'901 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 8 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30'00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge, be different from 47 feet, it will be read higher or lower by 6 inches for 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

CURRENT INDIAN NEWS.

Stealing bullock-carts is the latest sport of the nimble Calcutta thieves.

Madras is the largest exporter of unfinished leather in the world with its exports of the value of Rs. 3 3-4 crores annually. The hides and skin eventually reach Germany, which reaps a bumper harvest of profits. Bombay and Calcutta come next in the scale of hide exporters.

The Bengal Police, under the direction of Deputy Superintendent Sen Gupta, organised a raid on stray dogs in the immediate vicinity of the suburbs of Calcutta, northern and southern. No fewer than two hundred dogs were destroyed, fifty of which were credited to Behala. The places raided were: Tollygunge, Matia Bruz, Barnagore, Garden Reach, Budge Budge and Behala. Another raid will take place shortly.

Mr. Harman, officiating Superintendent of Police, Howrah, has left for Jagacha, in connection with a daring dacoity reported to have been committed in the house of Bechu Bag of Jagacha. It is reported that some twenty up-country men, armed with "lathis" and axis raided the house, and after severely torturing the inmates of the house, snatched away gold ornaments from the person of Bag's wife, and ran away.

The Hon. Mr. Ali Imam, Legal Member, will make two tours during the approaching cold weather. He will leave Simla on October 24, and after visiting Poona, Mahableshwar, Bombay, Quetta, Chaman and Delhi, will return to Simla on November 8th or 9th, leaving again on the 19th. The Hon. Member will visit Delhi, Lahore, Bikaner, Peshawar, Landikotal, Lucknow, Delhi, Calcutta, Gaya, Bankipore and finally reach Delhi on December 16th.

A Postal peon, Anaith Khan by name, attached to the Burra Bazar Post Office, Calcutta, while delivering letters in Muktaram Babu Street, was severely gored by a buffalo, that had evidently run amok. The injured man was conveyed to the Medical College Hospital, where he was treated and discharged, as his wounds appeared then to be of a simple nature. The police, however, ascertained later that the injuries had taken a rather serious turn, and that he is now lying in a precarious condition.

Much distress has been caused in Bangalore City by torrential showers since Saturday, September 28th; over fifty houses belonging to the poorer classes have collapsed, reducing about a hundred families to practical destitution. Mr. Ananda Rao, the Dewan, visited the scene and ordered food and shelter to be provided them in the State alms-houses, besides arranging to assist them to rebuild their houses. Except one feeble old woman carried off her feet by the storm water, no loss of life has occurred.

The Government of Madras have given the Nilgiri Library, a grant of Rs. 600 a year for a period of five years, The grant, which is to be devoted to the purchase of new books, should prove a very welcome addition to the funds of the institution. The Library of late has not been in a very flourishing condition, owing to lack of public support, but it is hoped that now the Committee is in a position to provide more new literature, there will be a marked increase in the number of members and subscribers.

The Hon. Sir Pardy Lukis, K.C.S.I., Director-General, I.M.S., leaves Simla on a long tour on November 1st. Halts will be made at Baroda from the 3rd to the 5th, at Bombay on the 6th, at Secunderabad on the 8th and the 9th, at Madras from the 11th to the 21st and at Bangalore from the 23rd to the 25th. Visits to Burma and the Andamans will occupy from November 26th to December 31st, and the Director-General will arrive in Calcutta, on January, 2nd 1913, and halt till the 5th. A halt will be made at Nagpur from January, the 7th to the 12th, and the tour will end at Delhi, where Surgeon-General Lukis arrives on January 14th.

Those who took part in the Abor expedition last year, are looking forward with mingled feelings to the publication of "In Abu Jungles," written by Mr. Angus Hamilton, who, it will be recalled, was not permitted to accompany the expedition. The book will be published almost immediately. It is said to contain hitherto unpublished particulars of the Abor expedition as well as of the Miri and Mishmi missions. The author tells a story of the Miri Mission which was commanded by Captain Graham. On one occasion, he says, Captain Graham was called upon to depend singlehanded the camp of the Miri Mission against a charging mob of three hundred natives. The author graphically relates what took place; and it is one of the ironies of service with these small frontier expeditions, as the publishers say, that deeds of this kind go quite unnoticed.

When foot-and-mouth disease broke out in the British Isles the authorities hastily decided to send a commission of enquiry to India to study the disease in what were evidently believed to be favourable surroundings. Naturally the student of a disease wants to see it at its worst. The enthusiasm of the Home authorities might have been somewhat damped, thinks the "Pioneer", had they waited for the publication of the Civil Veterinary report of Eastern Bengal and Assam for 1911-12 (that short-lived province takes an unconscionable time in dying?) in which the Superintendent, Mr. W. Harris, writes: "Foot-and-mouth disease as it occurs in India, is not a very fatal disease. With ordinary care and simple treatment, the mortality is about 1 per cent. When no precautions are taken and no treatment is adopted many animals die, because the wounds become infested with maggots and the animal really dies from gangrene and septicæmia."

For some weeks past there has been considerable discussion in the columns of certain newspapers, and in private circles in Mysore and Bangalore, and elsewhere, in regard to a change in the Dewanship of Mysore, writes the 'Madras Mail.' Though no official announcement of the appointment of a successor to Mr. T. Ananda Rao, the present Dewan, has been made yet, we understand, on the best authority that in all probability, Mr. Ananda Rao will retire in November and will be succeeded by Mr. M. Visvesvarayya, who is at present Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Mysore Government in the Public Works Department. Mr. Visvesvarayya is a native of the Mysore State and after a brilliant educational career in the Poona Engineering College entered the Bombay Public Works Department where he was very successful and rose to the rank of Superintending Engineer, and was commended by Government for several of his schemes. His fame as an Engineer was not confined to Bombay, for he was engaged on special duty in Hyderabad, and on its termination received special commendation. He is a cultured and enlightened Indian gentleman who has freed himself from the trammels of the severest orthodoxy, having travelled in Europe and also in America and Japan.

The Nicholson Committee have now completed their examination of witnesses at Simla, and it remains for them to draw up their report for presentation to the Government of India. It is expected that this will be ready early in December. The evidence that has been taken covers a wide field, says the "Pioneer," as the Committee have gone very thoroughly into the subjects covered by the terms of reference laid down for their guidance. Among the witnesses examined have been the General Officers Commanding the Northern and Southern Armies, the Adjutant-General and Quartermaster-General in India and several senior officers of the General Staff, the Secretary in the Military Finance Department, heads of various departments such as Ordnance, Medical, Supply and Transport, Remounts etc., selected civil and political officers and some concerned with police administration, commandants, of Indian regiments and others who have had experience with Imperial Service troops. The mass of information thus collected, will be considered during the next few weeks with a view to recommendations being made to the Government of India, which in its turn will consider proposals made in the report. The composition of the Committee is such that the full confidence of the Army is commanded, while the public generally will be satisfied that the recommendations are certain to be of a practical kind. Rumours that have been current in the Press at Home as to this or that "reform, having commanded itself to the Committee are, of course, mere surmises, for the stage of the consideration of the evidence recorded and of the materials placed officially at the disposal of Lord Nicholson and his collegues has only just been reached.

THE STEALTHY APPROACH OF KIDNEY DISEASE.

No disease is more stealthy in its approach than kidney disease. That is why it is so dangerous; it may become deep seated before the danger is realised.

Therefore it is of great importance to recognise the warning symptoms, because in its early stage kidney disease is easily curable.

"EVERY PICTURE TELLS A STORY."

Pain in the back is a sign of kidney trouble. So are gravel, sediment in the water, and other urinary disorders, headaches, languor, puffy eyes. These are well-known symptoms of kidney trouble.

As the kidney grow worse serious disorders set in, such as rheumatism, dropsy, sciatica, stone, etc.

These disorders arise from the urinous poisons in the blood, which weak kidneys are unable to take out. The impurities stay in the system so long as the kidneys are unable to filter them out.

If you would be well you must keep your kidneys well. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills act quickly and directly upon the kidneys and bladder, helping them to flush out the body's waste and impurities. This medicine is solely for the kidneys and bladder.

"One day I was taken with such a stabbing pain in my back that I fell helpless to the ground," says Mrs. E. Riley, of 147, Parchmore Road, Thornton Heath, Surrey, England.

I could not move, and friends had to help me home. The doctor said I had sciatica and lumbago. I had to keep to bed for five weeks, unable to move without assistance.

"Now, however, I am perfectly well, thanks to my using Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They soon did me good, gradually removing every trace of the sciatica and lumbago. (Signed) Emma Riley."

Over a year later, Mrs. Riley said :—"I am still keeping well ; my health is due to Doan's Pills."

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DYSPEPSIA.

While one of the commonest of the so-called minor complaints, dyspepsia is responsible for an inordinate amount of suffering. Indeed, it affects some people so terribly that they actually dread to take food. Many conditions produce this disorder, which may last so long and become so severe that the unfortunate sufferer becomes exceedingly thin, weak, anæmic, and the victim of many nervous conditions.

It is obvious that a food which is so digestible that it causes no pain or discomfort is the first necessity towards a cure.

Such a food is Sanatogen, for the reason, as that famous physician, Dr. Gumpert, has stated in one of the leading medical journals of the world, that "Sanatogen is absorbed without leaving any residue."

As, moreover, it is absorbed directly from the stomach, it gives it and all the other digestive organs that much needed rest which enables them to recover their power. It also helps to restore the digestion through its other actions in building up the nervous system, in increasing the number of the red blood corpuscles, and in improving the general nutrition of the body.

Its value in dyspeptic disorders may be judged from the following striking statement of a Medical Captain in one of the Indian regiments. He writes: "I have recommended Sanatogen on different occasions in cases of acute dyspepsia, and in cases of general anæmia and loss of tone. I have, myself, suffered from acid dyspepsia for the last two years. I have found Sanatogen of the greatest service, and consider it the most valuable and easily assimilable and nutritive food ever used in such cases."

Sanatogen can be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

MAIL NOTES.

FAMOUS VIEW POINT IN DANGER.

Much regret is expressed in West Surrey that another famous and much-frequented view point is about to be developed for building purposes. This is Pewley Down situated immediately above the town of Guildford. Unless something can be done to save the Down from the fate which threatens it Guildford will lose the last of the hills in its immediate neighbourhood, for the spur of the Hog's Back, rising from the velley of the Wey, opposite Pewley Hill, is being covered with houses. Colley Hill, at Reigate, has just been saved from the builder by the efforts of the National Trust and Mr. Tower, but Pewley Down commands an even finer and more interesting range of country. In the opinion of many the prospect from Pewley Down on a clear day is unsurpassed by any in Surrey, and the closing of the hill will be a great and irreparable loss.

PEACE CONGRESS SCENE.

The International Peace Congress was the scene of some lively incidents. M. Gobat, Director of the International Peace Bureau, read a report on the political events, of the year, and expressed himself very severely on the action of Italy. In this he was seconded by an Italian Socialist who attended the Congress as a delegate. Thereupon Signora Gwis Adami, President of the Italian Young Ladies' Peace Society, rose, and in a voice vibrating with emotion entered a protest against the foregoing orators. "We Italian Pacifists," she declared, "did everything possible to prevent the war, but from the moment that it broke out we have thought it our duty not to separate ourselves from the will of the nation." She further declared that she was going to leave the Congress, but before doing so she wished to raise the cry, "Long live Italy! A great tumult arose in the hall, and the President ordered her to sit down. After the sitting Signora Gwis Adami declared to a representative of a local journal that if she had been allowed to continue her speech she would have entered a plea in favour of the war, which she thought of vital necessity for Italy and would have protested against the bias of the Pacifists in favour of Turkey and against the insults hurled at Italy.

BASEBALL-CRICKET.

The Olympic limped into New York on Sept. 26 24 hours late owing to an injury to the blade of one of her propellers. The Australian cricketers on board, who were without Macartney, Bardsley, Hazlitt, and Minnett, enjoyed the trip, and were glad that the White Star people made no provision for practising on board. Their American tour is little more than a joke. Outside the Gentlemen of Philadelphia, nobody in this country takes cricket at all seriously. The Americans have neither the time nor the inclination to play or watch any game which consumes three days and sometimes four. Afterwards the Australians will meet "All New York" on the Livingston Ground, Staten Island. Then the visitors will play a return match with Philadelphia, and subsequently will meet twenty-two American colts in New York. An attempt is being made to arrange a baseball game with the New York Giants, the finest professional baseball nine in America Gregory told me the Australians would agree to play baseball if the Giants would use cricket bats instead of the regular baseball paraphernalia. It will be remembered that the Olympic started, on her voyage with a new propeller. The present is the third accident to her propeller.

NEW DOMESDAY BOOK.

The report of the Inland Revenue Commissioners for the year ended March 31 last shows that in that period excellent progress was made with the valuation of land in connection with Land Values Duties. In Great Britain the number of provisional valuations, the acreage involved, and the total value were as follows at the end of March in 1911 and 1912:

	1911.	1912.
Valuations ...	298,000 ...	1,800,000
Acres	256,000 ...	3,638,000
Total value ...	£91,185,000 ...	£614,606,000

Of the 10,874,000 Forms IV. sent out 10,098,000 or 92.8 per cent., have been returned.

In their report on the income tax the Commissioners state that for the year 1910-11 they have up to the present received 10,966 returns disclosing liability to super-tax, the aggregate income shown being £135,740,000, and the duty £2,571,000. Under Mr. Lloyd George's famous Budget people with incomes not exceeding £500 are entitled to a relief from income tax on £10 for every child under the age of 16. In 1910-11 the approximate amount of income thus relieved was £5,000,000. That must have meant a saving of nearly £200,000 to parents. During the year 1911-12 the number of states escedino £100. liable to death duties numbered 315. Two exceeded £1,000,000 and two exceeded £1,500,000, while one exceeded £3,000,000. The capital value of the latter is given at £9,613,000.

DEAD HORSE FOR FOOD.

An extraordinary scene took place recently according to the "Vorwaerts," in the little village of Maerzdorf, in Silesia, where food scarcity is at its worst. A local carrier was on his way to the station when his old horse fell dead in the shafts. The animal was dragged aside on to the common, skinned, and preparation made to burn the carcase. But before the carrier and his man could finish these preparations a number of labourers arrived and with jack-knives proceeded to strip from the bones every atom that could be considered edible. Long before the local police had time to intervene the horse meat was all distributed and the labourers gone with their booty. Five monster meetings have been summoned by the Socialists for next Sunday mid-day, when the Socialist members of the Reichstag will speak on "The Chancellor of the Junkers versus the the People and the Reichstag." No hint is yet given of the nature of the measures now officially notified by the Government. The "Berliner Tageblatt" expresses the hope that the measures will include the immediate summoning of the Reichstag, "since previous experience shows that it is necessary for the people's representatives to do some stoking behind the Government engine." Anxiety regarding the Government's proposed measures is responsible for another lengthy warning against anything resembling a reduction in tariffs signed by the heads of the Agrarian League and published in the league organ to-day. Apparently the Prussian Government alone now holds out against the suspension o the veterinary law, which practically prevents the importation of frozen meat in considerable quantities.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The writer who enlivens the pages of the "Nacional Review" with the confessions of a "Minor Novelist" is not very encouraging for the "liter'y aspirant," for he makes it clear that, while there are men drawing large incomes from the production of fiction that requires no great powers of mind to turn out, there must be a much larger number, at least equally well endowed, who, with the best of their industry, do not earn enough to keep the wolf from the door. He has had fourteen novels accepted; some have been serialised, some have had a circulation in America, some have gone into cheap editions but the total proceeds have been, barring shillings and pence, £646, or £40 per volume. As he has taken thirteen years to write those works, his average annual salary has been just under £50, so that he is thinking of abandoning the vocation of fiction writing for the less precarious and more remunerative one of driving a taxi-cab. Some of his prices may be sampled. For one novel he received £50 on account of 15 per cent. royalties, and the royalties never materialised. For another he had £40 on account of 17 1-2 per cent. royalties, and £6. 6s. was added for further royalties. For a third £40 was advanced on 17 1-2 per cent. royalties which proved visionary. When he sold his rights the book went better. He sold his first book for £45, his third for £30, his tenth for £50, and as he had also the good fortune to serialise the last for £100 this proved his greatest success. The chief point which the writer makes is that it is in vain to tell authors to keep their copyrights; the publisher can make his own terms, and if he insists upon buying the copyright the author cannot refuse to part with it.

Messrs. Methuen in their shilling reprints follow the laudable practice, initiated by the Macmillans, of printing on the verso of the title-page the date of first publication and the dates of subsequent editions. Thus it would appear that "Anna of the Five Towns" first appeared in September, 1902, was reprinted in November of the same year, and only now, after a lapse of ten years, reappears, called out, no doubt, by the interest awakened in the public of readers by the success of the "Old Wives' Tale" in all its authors early work. It is not on a level with that work, nor is it to be ranked with the other two members of the "trilogy," but it is in Mr. Bennett's serious vein, it is a piece of sound workmanship, and if it had been allowed to lie forgotten is good enough to have been one of those books, no uncommon, one thinks, in our time, which when they are rediscovered a century and half hence, will gladden some explorer in the literature of the early twentieth century. The characters of the two Priges are among the best things in the book, and if at first it strikes one that Anna's love for Willie is a contradiction of the principle that a woman admires strength, it is in line with one of the favourite theses of Mme. Tinayre, that love is closely akin to pity. Old Terrick, on the other hand, is a splendid twentieth century miser. He may be contrasted with the stage miser from "L'Avare" to the "Cloches de Corneville," with Silas Marner who delights in the mere touch and sight of his hard coin, with old Trapbois who cringes and stoops to the most menial of tasks "for a consideration." Old Terrick never sees the colour of his money—it is mere figures in his bank-book. He works on a large scale, fully conscious that money is power, and the miser's joy goes into every pitiless turn of the "screw" upon a defaulting debtor. Willie Price's unknown suicide adds an unlimited pathos to the last page of the book, but one may prefer, as more akin to the spirit of realistic fiction, the development of the similar situation in "Cupid and Common Sense".

We are no hand on this side the Atlantic at coining uncouth new words, nor even at understanding at sight those that, on the other, are coined for us, so that few will know what "grub-staking" is. It is, however, only a new name for an old practice—the practice on a publisher's part of prepayment for work not yet done. It was the system by which Henslowe kept his galley of Elizabethan dramatists perpetually in his debt, and therefore perpetually chained to his oars; but a writer in one of the New York papers, who has made a referendum of the matter to the publishers of to-day, finds that they uniformly condemn it. They condemn it not only because they have no fancy for adding the calling of money-lender to that of publisher, but because prepayment generally means inferior work. Whether it is that the consciousness that when his book is completed a large deduction will be made from the proceeds damps an author's ardour, or because, as Boswell somewhere suggests, hunger is a mild form of inspiration, work paid for in advance is seldom so good as that paid for only on completion. Moreover an author may undertake more than he can fulfil. Even yet "inspiration" counts for something. No man can say "I shall write a short story" any more than he can say, as Shelley reminds us, "I shall write poetry." Mr. Benson tells us that he once wrote a series of short stories of an allegorical sort. He "came upon them in his mind" as one comes upon a covey of birds in a field. One by one they took wings and flew, and he could not flush another. He beat the covert industriously but in vain; all were gone. Now if an author has been paid for writing four short stories and can only write three, relations between him and his publisher are apt to become strained. Nevertheless advances are sometimes necessary. A writer may be already in debt to his publisher, and the latter may subsidise him until he produces a book that will pay both debt and subsidy. Or he may require to travel for the sake of his necessary local colour, or, finally, he may be brilliant but improvident. All those circumstances appeal to publishers, with the result that, although all alike disapprove the system of advances, all alike are bound more or less to practise it.

One of the interesting things about the batch of forty new books which has just been added to the "Everyman" series is that each volume contains an inset announcing the issue, on October 8 next, of a new penny weekly to be named after the series. Its sub-title is "A new weekly journal of literature and ethics." and the leaflet further explains that it will criticise the great works of art of past and modern times without stiffness and in a way enjoyable by all; it will interest itself keenly in the controversies of a time when every presupposition is being re-examined and every institution being challenged to show its credentials, but will seek to raise its discussions above the atmosphere of partisanship. Finally, "it will stand for international goodwill, pacific co-operation; it will stand for reform against reaction, for spiritual freedom against spiritual tyranny; it will stand, above all, for the intellectual and moral uplifting and enfranchisement of the people." To achieve these high aims the services have been enlisted of such Continental writers a Maeterlinck, Lutzow, Harnack, and Bergson, and of such Englishmen as Messrs. H. G. Wells, Jon Masefield, Bernard Shaw, and G. K. Chesterton, Sir Ernest Shackleton, Sir Oliver Lodge, and the Rev. R. J. Campbell. That the success of such a periodical—it suggests a miniature weekly "Hibbert Journal"—at so low a price is not so problematic as it would have seemed a decade ago the fortunes of certain recent "libraries" seem to indicate. Probably the immediate and immense popularity of "Everyman's Library" was partly a revelation even to its promoters. They must have been pretty sure that they would have a handsome enough return for their work, but probably neither Messrs. Dent nor Mr. Rhys quite expected that by the autumn of 1912 they would have issued so many as 640 volumes, and that they should have sold over ten million copies. The sales of the "Home University Library" have been set down already at 500,000, while, no doubt, the "People's Library" could show like figures. Those successes prove the existence of a vast circle of readers who are willing to buy what is best in the literature of the past, and expert handlings of current problems, if the books are brought within the range of their means, and no doubt if the editor of the new weekly—who is said to be Dr. Sarolea, of "Collection Nelson" celebrity—succeeds, in realising his ideals, he will, although not having the colonial sales of the "Libraries," by and by be able to report returns bearing some relation to theirs.

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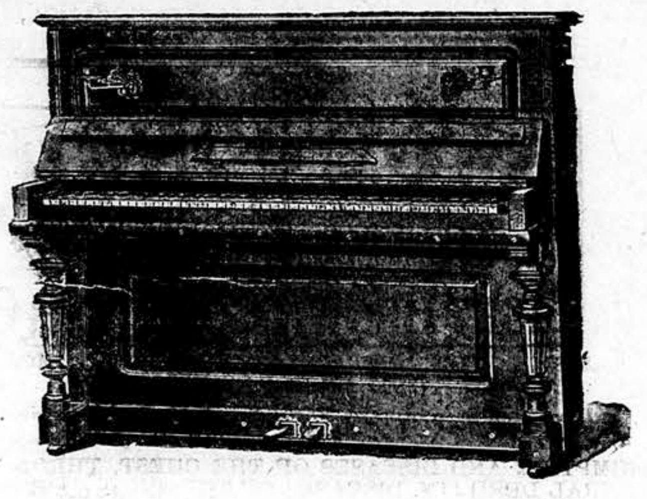

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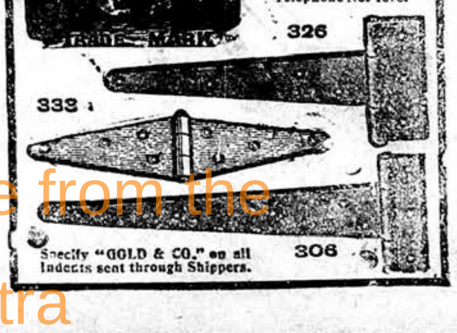

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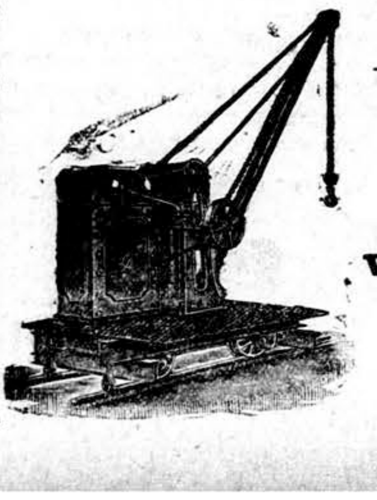

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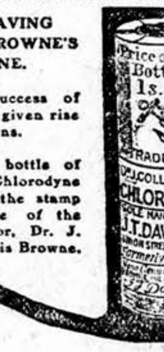

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